



# Mission NewEnergy Limited

One Mission : One Energy : NewEnergy

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17 September 2010

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

## Mission NewEnergy Limited Reports Audited Year End Financial Results

SUBIACO, Western Australia, August 31, 2010 – Mission NewEnergy Limited (ASX: MBT) is pleased to present the final audited financial report for the year ended 30 June 2010. There are no amendments to the results as reported on 31 August 2010.

### About Mission NewEnergy Limited:

Mission NewEnergy (ASX: MBT) is a vertically integrated biodiesel firm based in Australia, with operations in India and Malaysia. It owns and operates a 100,000 tpa (approximately 30 million gallons per annum) biodiesel plant in Malaysia, and is currently commissioning a 250,000 tpa (approximately 75 million gpa) biodiesel plant with KNM Process Systems Sdn Bhd as a turnkey contractor adjacent to the 100,000 tpa plant.

For more information and a copy of this announcement, please visit [www.missionnewenergy.com](http://www.missionnewenergy.com) or contact:

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# Mission NewEnergy Limited

Financial Report for the year ended

30 June 2010

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## Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

### DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present their report on the company and its controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2010

#### 1. Corporate governance statement

The Board of Directors of Mission New Energy Limited (Mission) is responsible for the corporate governance of the Company. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of the Company on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable.

In accordance with the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) Corporate Governance Council's ("CGC") "Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations" the Corporate Governance Statement must contain certain specific information and must disclose the extent to which the Company has followed the guidelines during the period. Where a recommendation has not been followed, that fact must be disclosed together with the reasons for the departure.

The Company's corporate governance practices were in place throughout the year and are compliant, unless otherwise stated, with the Corporate Governance Council's principles and recommendations, which are noted below.

Principle 1.	Lay solid foundations for management and oversight
Principle 2.	Structure the Board to add value
Principle 3.	Promote ethical and responsible decision making
Principle 4.	Safeguard integrity in financial reporting
Principle 5.	Make timely and balanced disclosure
Principle 6.	Respect the rights of shareholders
Principle 7.	Recognise and manage risk
Principle 8.	Remunerate fairly and responsibly

The Board has developed policies and practices consistent with the ASX Recommendations, with such adjustments as the Board believes are appropriate for the particular circumstances of the Company. Consistent with these policies, a summary of the corporate governance policies and practices adopted by Mission is set out below.

#### Role of the Board of Directors

The Board of Mission is responsible for setting the Company's strategic direction and providing effective governance over Missions' affairs in conjunction with the overall supervision of the Company's business with the view of maximising shareholder value. The Board's key responsibilities are to:

- chart the direction, strategies and financial objectives for Mission and monitor the implementation of those policies, strategies and financial objectives;
- monitor compliance with regulatory requirements, ethical standards and external commitments;
- appoint, evaluate the performance of, determine the remuneration of, plan for the succession of and, where appropriate, remove the Managing Director; and
- ensure that the Board continues to have the mix of skills and experience necessary to conduct Missions' activities, and that appropriate directors are selected and appointed as required.

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The Board has adopted a Board Charter, which sets out in more detail the responsibilities of the Board. The Board Charter sets out the division of responsibility between the Board and management to assist those affected by decisions to better understand the respective accountabilities and contribution to Board and management.

In accordance with Missions' Constitution, the Board delegates responsibility for the day-to-day management of Mission to the Managing Director (subject to any limits of such delegated authority as determined by the Board from time to time). Management as a whole is charged with reporting to the Board on the performance of the Company.

### **Board structure and composition**

The Board currently is comprised of 6 directors, of which four are independent non-executive Directors. Details of each director's skills, expertise and background are contained within the directors' report included with the company's annual financial statements.

Independence, in this context, is defined to mean a non-executive Director who is free from any interest and any business or other relationship that could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of Mission. The definition of independence in ASX Recommendation 2.1 is taken into account for this purpose.

A Director cannot hold the position of both Chairman and Managing Director.

Missions' non-executive Directors may not hold office for a continuous period in excess of three years or past the third annual general meeting following their appointment, whichever is longer, without submitting for re-election. Directors are elected or re-elected, as the case may be, by shareholders in a general meeting. Directors may offer themselves for re-election. A Director appointed by the Directors (e.g., to fill a casual vacancy) will hold office only until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of Mission but is eligible for re-election at that meeting.

Under Missions' Constitution, voting requires a simple majority of the Board. The Chairman does not hold a casting vote.

### **Board and management effectiveness**

Responsibility for the overall direction and management of Mission, its corporate governance and the internal workings of Mission rests with the Board, notwithstanding the delegation of certain functions to the Managing Director and management generally (such delegation effected at all times in accordance with Mission' Constitution and its corporate governance policies).

An evaluation procedure in relation to the Board, individual directors and Company executives was completed during the year. The evaluation of the Board as a whole was facilitated through the use of a questionnaire required to be completed by each Board Member, the results of which were summarised, discussed with the Chairman of the Board and tabled for discussion at a Board Meeting. Similarly each individual director was required to self assess his performance and discuss the results with the Chairman. Individual Directors' performance is evaluated by reference to the Director's contribution to monitoring and assessing management performance in achieving strategies and budgets approved by the Board (among other things).

A similar process for review of committees was undertaken during the 2009/2010 financial year.

To ensure management, as well as Board effectiveness, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee has direct responsibility for evaluating the performance of the Managing Director and other

## **Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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executives. This process involves a formal interview and questionnaire format with results disclosed to the Board.

### **Internal control, risk management and financial reporting**

The Board has overall responsibility for Mission's systems of internal control. These systems are designed to ensure effective and efficient operations, including financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulations, with a view to managing the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. It must be recognised, however, that internal control systems can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against the risk of material loss.

The Board reviews the effectiveness of the internal control systems and risk management on an ongoing basis, and monitors risk through the Audit and Risk Management Committee (see the Audit and Risk Management Committee). The Board regularly receives information about the financial position and performance of Mission. For annual and half-yearly accounts released publicly, the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer sign-off to the Board:

- the accuracy of the accounts and that they represent a true and fair view, in all material respects, of Missions financial condition and operational results, and have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and
- that the representations are based on a system of risk management and internal compliance and control relating to financial reporting which implements the policies adopted by the Board, and that those systems are operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

In addition, management has reported to the Board on the effectiveness of the company's management of its material business risks.

### **Internal audit**

During the year, the Board employed a permanent internal auditor, who reports directly to the Audit and Risk Committee. The Audit and Risk Committee reviews all material internal audit items and provides guidance where appropriate or required.

The companies risk management policy is included in the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website.

### **Committees of the Board of Directors**

The Board has established two permanent Board committees to assist the Board in the performance of its functions:

- the Audit and Risk Management Committee; and
- the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

Each committee has a charter, which sets out the Committee's purpose and responsibilities. The Committees are described further below.

The names of the members of the two committees are set out in the directors report contained within the Company's annual financial statements.

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### Audit and Risk Management Committee

The purpose of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is to provide assistance to the Board in its review of:

- Mission' financial reporting, internal control structure and risk management systems;
- the internal and external audit functions; and
- Mission' compliance with legal and regulatory requirements in relation to the above.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee has specific responsibilities in relation to Missions' financial reporting process; the assessment of accounting, financial and internal controls; the appointment of the external auditor; the assessment of the external audit; the independence of the external auditor; and setting the scope of the external audit.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors that have diverse and complementary backgrounds. The Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee must be an independent non-executive Director.

### Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The purpose of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is to discharge the Board's responsibilities relating to the nomination and selection of Directors and the compensation of the Company's executives and Directors.

The key responsibilities of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee are to:

- ensure the establishment and maintenance of a formal and transparent procedure for the selection and appointment of new Directors to the Board; and
- establish transparent and coherent remuneration policies and practices, which will enable Mission to attract, retain and motivate executives and Directors who will create value for shareholders and to fairly and responsibly reward executives.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors. The Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee must be an independent non-executive Director.

The remuneration policy which sets out the terms and conditions for the Managing Director and other senior executives is set out in the Remuneration Report included in the Directors Report contained within the Company's annual report.

### **Timely and balanced disclosure**

Mission is committed to promoting investor confidence and ensuring that shareholders and the market have equal access to information and are provided with timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters concerning the Company. Additionally, Mission recognises its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act. To assist with these matters, the Board has adopted a Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communication Policy.

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The Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communication Policy allocates roles to the Board and management in respect of identifying material information and coordinating disclosure of that information where required by the ASX Listing Rules.

The Policy also identifies authorised company spokespersons and the processes Mission has adopted to communicate effectively with its shareholders. In addition to periodic reporting, Mission will ensure that all relevant information concerning the Company is placed on its website.

### **Ethical and responsible decision-making**

#### Code of Conduct

The Board has created a framework for managing the Company including internal controls, business risk management processes and appropriate ethical standards.

The Board has adopted practices for maintaining confidence in the Company's integrity including promoting integrity, trust, fairness and honesty in the way employees and Directors conduct themselves and Missions' business, avoiding conflicts of interest and not misusing company resources. A formal Code of Conduct has been adopted for all employees and Directors of Mission.

#### Securities Trading Policy

A Securities Trading Policy has been adopted by the Board to set a standard of conduct, which demonstrates Missions' commitment to ensuring awareness of the insider trading laws, and that employees and Directors comply with those laws. The Securities Trading Policy imposes additional share trading restrictions on Directors, the Company Secretary, executives and employees involved in monthly financial accounting processes ("specified persons").

Under the Securities Trading Policy, specified persons are only permitted to buy and sell securities if they do not possess non-public price sensitive information and trading occurs outside of specified restricted periods. These periods are the periods commencing on the first day of the month before the end of the half-year or full year period and ending on the next business day after the announcement of the results for that period. In addition, before a specified person can deal in Mission' securities they must obtain clearance from the appropriate officer, confirming that there is no reason why they cannot trade.

#### Other Information

Mission New Energy Limited is included on its website ([www.missionnewenergy.com](http://www.missionnewenergy.com)) full details of its corporate governance regime.

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### 2. Directors' details

The names of directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

<b>Mr Dario Amara</b>	—	Chairman (Non-executive)
Qualifications	—	Bachelor of Engineering with Distinction (Curtin University of Technology). Fellow of the Institution of Engineers Australia.
Experience	—	<p>Mr Amara is an engineer with extensive business experience gained over 30 years in the Australian and international markets and across the resources, energy and infrastructure sectors.</p> <p>Prior to co-founding Emerson Stewart in 2005 and for over 16 years, he occupied senior executive roles with major construction and engineering groups. Dario has a record of achievement in establishing, growing and rejuvenating businesses and strategic leadership, and has served as chairman of the Art Gallery of Western Australia and the West Australian Opera Company and as a board member of the Perth International Arts Festival.</p> <p>Appointed Chairman 31 March 2006. Board member since 31 March 2006.</p>
Interest in Shares and Options	—	200,000 ordinary shares in Mission New Energy Limited held indirectly (50,000 to Amara family trust account and 150,000 to Amara Superannuation Fund account).
Special Responsibilities	—	Mr Amara is a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
Directorships held in other listed entities	—	Current director of Austal Limited (since 16 August 2005), Group CEO of Emerson Stewart Group Ltd (since 25 June 2008)
<b>Datuk Mohamed Zain Bin Mohamed Yusuf</b>		Director (Non-executive)
Qualifications	—	Bachelor of Economics (Hons.) (University of Western Australia)
Experience	—	<p>Datuk Zain has over 25 years experience in Shell Malaysia. From 1986 to 1988, he was seconded to Shell International, United Kingdom and worked as Marketing Consultant in Shell UK and Shell Caribbean. Upon his return to Malaysia, he was made Marketing Director of Shell Malaysia. He subsequently served on the board of Directors of Shell Group Malaysia as Executive Director, with responsibility over a total of 18 group subsidiaries involved in both the upstream and downstream petrochemical business.</p> <p>Datuk Zain is immediate past chairman of the Malaysian Australia Business Council and served as a director of Airod Sdn Bhd, NADI Bhd, Malacca Securities Sdn Bhd, Faber Group Bhd, PJ Bumi Bhd and as chairman of Confoil (Malaysia) Bhd, a Malaysian - Australian joint venture company in Malaysia.</p> <p>Board member since 24 January 2006.</p>

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Interest in Shares and Options	—	Nil
Special Responsibilities	—	Datuk Zain is Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee from 25 June 2009 and a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
Directorships held in other listed entities	—	Director of Faber Group Bhd (since October 2001) and chairman of Malacca Securities Sdn Bhd (since November 2000). Resigned as a director of PJ Bumi Bhd during the year.
<b>Admiral (Ret) Tan Sri Dato' Sri Mohd Anwar bin Haji Mohd Nor</b>		Director (Non-executive)
Qualifications	—	Master of Science in Engineering Business Management (University of Warwick, U.K)
Experience	—	<p>Tan Sri Anwar made history in April 2005 when he became the first naval chief in the Malaysian Armed Forces (MAF) to ascend to its highest military office of the Chief of Defence Force, commanding a strength of nearly 100,000. With nearly 40 years of military experience with the Royal Malaysian Navy (RMN) and MAF, he has acquired a massive portfolio of achievements.</p> <p>His outstanding performance extends to the academic arena as well inclusive of stints at the Naval Staff College (Rhode Island, USA), Navigation and Direction Course and Principal Warfare Officers Course (HMS DRYAD, United Kingdom). He also holds a Master of Science in Engineering Business Management from the University of Warwick, United Kingdom.</p> <p>Tan Sri Anwar has received numerous commendations, awards and accolades in recognition of his talents, and was bestowed the Panglima Mangku Negara (PMN), which carries the title of Tan Sri, by His Majesty the Yang Di-Pertuan Agong (the King of Malaysia). He has also received distinguished medals from foreign governments such as the Ordre National De La Legion D'Honneur from France and the Command of the Legion of Merit from the US.</p> <p>Board member since 25 June 2009.</p>
Interest in Shares and Options	—	Nil
Special Responsibilities	—	Nil
Directorships held in other listed entities	—	South East Asia Advisory Board to Rolls Royce Plc (start date 1 July 2008)
<b>Mr Arun Bhatnagar</b>		Director (Non-executive)
Qualifications	—	Honours Degree in Economics (St. Stephen's College, Delhi)
Experience	—	<p>Up to December 2009, Mr. Bhatnagar was the chairman of the Government of India owned television and radio broadcaster, Prasar Bharti (likened to the BBC of India).</p> <p>Prior to this, he was the Secretary of the National Advisory Council, a body tasked with the implementation of the National Common Minimum Program and to provide inputs</p>

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in the formation of policy and support to the government in its legislative business.

During his long tenure with the government since 1966, Mr Bhatnagar has served as head or in senior positions in various ministries, amongst others the Ministries of Rural Development, Energy, Irrigation and Personnel. He also served as Minister (Economics) in the Indian High Commission in UK.

Board member since 25 June 2009.

Interest in Shares and Options	—	Nil
Special Responsibilities	—	Chairman, Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd
Directorships held in other listed entities	—	Nil

### Mr Nathan Mahalingam

Managing Director (Executive)

Qualifications — Bachelor of Economics (Hons.) (University of Malaya) and MBA (Murdoch University, Western Australia).

Experience — Mr Mahalingam has over 25 years of management experience in banking and finance, heavy industries and infrastructure development. He has successfully implemented numerous start-up manufacturing operations in Malaysia during his tenure of service with a large Malaysian conglomerate. Between 1995 and 2000, he served as project director in the Westport Group, developers of one of Malaysia's largest privatised port and transshipment facility.

Board member since incorporation of the Company (17 November 2005).

Interest in Shares and Options — 25,647,840 ordinary shares in Mission New Energy Limited held personally and indirectly through Mission Equities Sdn Bhd, a company that Mr Mahalingam has a 34% interest in.

Special Responsibilities — Managing Director of the company.

Directorships held in other listed entities — Nil

### Mr Guy Burnett

Finance Director (Executive)

Qualifications — Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants Australia

Experience — Mr Burnett, a Chartered Accountant, has had an impressive career as a Finance Professional in several large corporations. He first started work as a CA trainee and Audit manager in 1989 after completing a Bachelor of Commerce-Accounting degree at the University of Natal in South Africa. In mid 1996, Mr Burnett joined Umgeni Water, a large corporatized water utility in South Africa, as its Financial Accountant. He was promoted to the position of Financial Controller in mid 1999. He left Umgeni in 2004 to migrate to Western Australia with his family.

Prior to joining the Company Mr Burnett was Manager: Corporate Accounting & Tax with Western Power where he had 27 direct and indirect reports. Prior to this Guy worked as Acting Financial Accountant for Water Corporation on a one year contract and served as a Manager with KPMG where he played a key role in assisting KPMG's clients in rolling out their IFRS accounting implementations.

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Board member since 6 April 2009.

Interest in Shares and Options	—	200,000 ordinary shares issued at 30 June 2010 plus eligible for a further 1,000,000 performance shares and 1,750,000 options issued under the group's performance share scheme. See note 30 for further details.
Special Responsibilities	—	Finance Director, Director of Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd
Directorships held in other listed entities	—	Nil

### 3. Meetings of Directors

During the financial year, 10 meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows

	Committee Meetings					
	Directors' Meetings		Audit & Risk Management Committee		Nomination & Remuneration Committee	
	A	B	A	B	A	B
Mr Dario Amara	6	5	4	4	2	2
Datuk Mohamed Zain Bin Mohamed Yusuf	6	4	4	4	2	2
Tan Sri Dato' Sri Mohd Anwar bin Haji Mohd Nor	6	6	4	4	2	2
Arun Bhatnagar	6	4	4	2	2	2
Mr Nathan Mahalingam	6	6	-	-	-	-
Mr Guy Burnett	6	5	-	-	-	-

A Number eligible to attend

B Number attended

### 4. Insurance premium paid for Directors and Officers

The Company has paid an insurance premium in respect of a contract insuring each of the Directors of the Company named earlier in this report and the executive officers of the Company against liabilities and expenses, to the extent permitted by law, arising from claims made against them in their capacity as Directors and officers of the Company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company. Due to confidentiality clauses contained in the insurance policy the Limit of Liability and Premium paid has not been disclosed.

### 5. Company Secretary

The following persons held the joint position of company secretary during the financial year:

Mr Peter Torre

Mr Jerry Monzu

Mr Torre holds a Bachelor of Business, is a Chartered Accountant, a Chartered Secretary and a Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He is the Company Secretary of several ASX Listed Companies and is also a Director of ASX listed Carbine Resources Limited and ORT Limited.

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Mr Monzu has a Bachelor of Business and is a Certified Practising Accountant, a Fellow of the Taxation Institute of Australia and has had extensive corporate experience at a financial and managerial level in multinational companies.

### **6. Remuneration Report (Audited)**

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each director of Mission New Energy Limited and for the key management personnel.

#### **Remuneration policy**

The remuneration policy of Mission New Energy Limited is twofold:

- To create a remuneration structure that will allow Mission New Energy to attract, reward and retain qualified Executives and Non-Executive Directors who will lead Mission New Energy in achieving its strategic objectives.
- To provide and motivate the Executives and Non-Executive Directors with a balanced and competitive remuneration.

The specific objectives of the Executive Remuneration Policy are as follows:

- To motivate executive management to manage and lead the business successfully and to drive strong long-term organisational growth in line with the Group's strategy and business objectives.
- To drive successful organisational performance by incorporating an annual performance incentive and establish longer-term performance objectives.
- To further drive longer-term organisational performance through an equity-based reward structure.
- To make sure that there is transparency and fairness in executive remuneration policy and practices.
- To deliver a balanced solution addressing all elements of total pay [base-pay, incentive pay (cash and equity) and benefits.
- To make sure appropriate superannuation arrangements are in place for executives.
- To contribute to appropriate attraction and retention strategies for executives.

The specific objectives of the Non-Executive Director remuneration policy are as follows:

- To attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors.
- To remunerate directors fairly having regard to their responsibilities, including providing leadership and guidance to management.
- To build sustainable shareholder value by encouraging a longer-term strategic perspective, by not linking fees to the results of the Mission New Energy Group of Companies.

The Board of Mission New Energy Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives and directors to run and manage the Consolidated Group, as well as create goal congruence between directors, executives and shareholders.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for board members and senior executives of the Consolidated Group is as follows:

The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive directors and other senior executives, was developed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board after seeking professional advice (when appropriate) from independent external consultants.

All executives are entitled to receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), superannuation, fringe benefits, options and performance incentives.

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The Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Consolidated Group's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors.

The directors and executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution (or equivalent) required by the relevant government authority and do not receive any other retirement benefits.

All remuneration paid to directors and executives is valued at the cost to the company and expensed. Shares given to directors and executives are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the director or executive. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice will be sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and is allocated to each non-executive Director based on responsibility, which include the Chairman of the Board, Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to the performance of the Consolidated Group.

### Key Management Personnel

The Company has defined the following classes of people as key management personnel:

- Non-executive directors
- Executive directors
- Management reporting directly to the Managing Director

### **Details of remuneration for the year ended June 2010**

The remuneration for the key management personnel of the consolidated group during the year was as follows:

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2010

	Short term		Share Based	Post	Total	Proportion of remuneration related	Value of options and performance shares as a proportion of remuneration
	Salary	Non-cash Benefits	Options and performance shares	employment			
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	Super Contribution			
				\$'000	\$'000	%	%
<b>Directors</b>						-	-
Mr Dario Amara	100	-	-	9	109	-	-
Datuk Zain Yusuf	75	-	-	1	76	-	-
Mr Nathan Mahalingam	344	-	-	4	348	-	-
Admiral (Ret) Tan Sri Dato' Sri Mohd Anwar bin Haji Mohd Nor	50	-	-	1	51	-	-
Mr Arun Bhatnagar	50	10	-	-	60	-	-
Mr Guy Burnett	240	-	403	22	665	61%	61%
<b>Key management personnel</b>							
Kalaiselvan a/l Somasundaram (Refining COO)	87	-	14	-	101	-	-
Subhas Patnaik (COO of Feedstock operations) <sup>1</sup>	47	-	-	-	47	-	-
Mr Abu Bakar Bin Jani (non-executive Director of Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd)	20	-	-	-	20	-	-
Datuk Azizan Bin Abd Rahman (non-executive Director of Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd)	20	-	-	-	20	-	-
Mr James Garton (Group Head of Corporate Finance)	240	-	803	22	1,065	75%	75%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,273</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1,220</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>2,562</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

<sup>1</sup> Mr Patnaik joined Mission on the 17<sup>th</sup> September 2009.

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2009

	Short term	Share Based	Post	Proportion of	Value of		
	Salary	Non-cash	Options and	employment	remuneration	options and	
		Benefits	performance	Super	related	shares as a	
			shares	Contribution	Total	proportion of	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	remuneration	
						%	
						%	
<b>Directors</b>							
Mr Dario Amara	100	-	-	9	109	-	-
Tan Sri Razak Ramli <sup>2</sup>	75	-	-	1	76	-	-
Datuk Zain Yusuf	50	-	-	1	51	-	-
Mr Nathan Mahalingam	255	-	-	14	269	-	-
Mr Arvind Bansal <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Admiral (Ret) Tan Sri Dato' Sri Mohd Anwar bin Haji Mohd Nor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr Arun Bhatnagar <sup>4</sup>	33	-	-	-	33	-	-
Mr Guy Burnett	185	-	-	16	201	-	-
<b>Key management personnel</b>						-	-
Mr Balakrishnan Papaiah <sup>5</sup> (Refining COO)	104	-	-	13	117	-	-
Kalaiselvan a/l Somasundaram (Refining COO) <sup>6</sup>	14	-	-	-	14	-	-
Mr Abu Bakar Bin Jani (non-executive Director of Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd)	23	-	-	-	23	-	-
Datuk Azizan Bin Abd Rahman (non-executive Director of Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd)	23	-	-	-	23	-	-
Mr James Garton <sup>7</sup> (Group Head of Corporate Finance)	142	-	183	13	338	54%	54%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,004</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>1,254</b>		

<sup>2</sup> Mr. Tan Sri Razak Ramli resigned on 25/06/2009

<sup>3</sup> Mr Bansal was remunerated as an independent contractor and resigned on 24 June 2009. He was paid A\$163,000 for services to 24 June 2009.

<sup>4</sup> Mr Bhatnagar was appointed to the Board of Mission NewEnergy Ltd on 25 June 2009. His remuneration reflected above is in respect of his capacity as Chairman of Mission Biofuels India PL.

<sup>5</sup> Mr. Balakrishnan Papaiah resigned on 31/01/2009.

<sup>6</sup> Mr Kalaiselvan joined Mission on 4/5/09

<sup>7</sup> Mr Garton was appointed from 15/10/2008

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Options and performance shares are issued to directors, executives and senior employees as part of their remuneration.

During the year the following options and performance shares were issued to key executives and individuals who have a strategic impact on the business.

### Options

	Balance 1/7/2008	Expired	New issue	Balance 30/6/2009	New issue	Lapsed	Balance 30/6/2010	Vested
<b>Directors</b>								
Mr Dario Amara	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tan Sri Razak Ramli	750,000	(750,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Datuk Zain Yusuf	500,000	(500,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guy Burnett <sup>8</sup>	-	-	-	-	1,750,000	-	1,750,000	1,750,000
<b>Executive</b>								
James Garton <sup>9</sup>	-	-	1,750,000	1,750,000	-	-	1,750,000	1,750,000
<b>Third parties</b>								
For services rendered in 2009 equity raising	-	-	731,492	731,492	-	(365,746)	365,746	365,746
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,250,000</b>	<b>(2,250,000)</b>	<b>2,481,492</b>	<b>2,481,492</b>	<b>1,750,000</b>	<b>(365,746)</b>	<b>3,865,746</b>	<b>3,865,746</b>

### Performance Shares

	Balance 1/7/2008	New issue	Balance 30/6/2009	New issue	Exercised	Lapsed	Balance 30/6/2010	Vested and unexercised at 30/6/10
<b>Director</b>								
Guy Burnett – tranche 1	-	-	-	1,500,000 <sup>10</sup>	(200,000)	(300,000)	1,000,000	200,000
<b>Executives</b>								
James Garton – tranche 1	-	1,500,000 <sup>11</sup>	1,500,000	-	(200,000)	(300,000)	1,000,000	200,000
James Garton – tranche 2	-	-	-	5,000,000 <sup>12</sup>	-	-	5,000,000	-
<b>Senior employees collectively – tranche 1</b>	-	1,200,000 <sup>13</sup>	1,200,000	-	(119,999)	(293,334)	786,667	199,999
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,700,000</b>	<b>2,700,000</b>	<b>6,500,000</b>	<b>(519,999)</b>	<b>(893,334)</b>	<b>7,786,667</b>	<b>599,999</b>

### Tranche 1 performance criteria

40% of the performance shares vest in equal tranches at 31/12/2009, 30/06/2010 and 31/12/2010 for service, and

60% of the performance shares vest in equal tranches on;

Vesting date	Performance criteria	Actual result	Performance criteria met;
30 June 2010	Positive Group cash generation from operations	Negative cash generation of \$6,902,000	No. Performance shares lapse

<sup>8</sup> Grant date was 19 October 2009, share price on grant date was 28.5 cents, exercise price is 17 cents, fair value at grant date was 15.94 cents, volatility used was 125.35%, risk free rate used was 4.83%, option expires on 30 June 2011.

<sup>9</sup> Grant date was 25 June 2009, share price on grant date was 18.5 cents, exercise price is 17 cents, fair value at grant date was 9.68 cents, volatility used was 138.77%, risk free rate used was 4.16%, option expires on 30 June 2011.

<sup>10</sup> Grant date was 19 October 2009, share price on grant date was 28.5 cents, fair value at grant date was 21.37 cents.

<sup>11</sup> Grant date was 25 June 2009, share price on grant date was 18.5 cents, fair value at grant date was 13.87 cents.

<sup>12</sup> Grant date was 30 March 2010, share price on grant date was 34.5 cents, fair value at grant date was 25.88 cents.

<sup>13</sup> Grant date was 25 June 2009, share price on grant date was 18.5 cents, fair value at grant date was 13.87 cents.

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30 June 2011	EPS of A\$0.06	N/A – future dated criteria	N/A future dated criteria
30 June 2012	EPS of A\$0.15	N/A – future dated criteria	N/A future dated criteria

Tranche 2 performance criteria

The performance shares vest in equal tranches at 1/7/2010, 31/12/2010 and 1/7/2011 for service.

The intention of the issue of the performance shares is to encourage staff retention and a financial performance culture.

### Employment contracts of directors and senior executives

The employment conditions of the Managing Director, Finance Director/Chief Financial Officer and the Head of Corporate Finance are formalised in contracts of employment which the Directors consider to be on reasonable and commercial terms.

The employment agreements contain the following terms and conditions:

- standard leave entitlements; fixed terms of 3 years, with Mission New Energy able to terminate the employment prior to the expiration of the maximum term by giving 2 months notice and a payment equivalent to 12 months salary and the
- employee able to do the same by giving 2 months notice,
- rights of summary dismissal are preserved;
- total remuneration is subject to yearly review, but an increase is not guaranteed;
- no provision for automatic bonus payments;
- no probationary periods, and
- cascading post employment restraints.

All other key personnel are on similar contracts but are not for a fixed term.

## 7. Principal Activities

The principal activities of the consolidated group during the financial year were:

- Operations of the 1st Biodiesel Plant in Malaysia during the financial year,
- Construction and commissioning of the 2nd Biodiesel Plant in Malaysia,
- Feedstock establishment in India,
- Research and development of lingo-cellulosic ethanol.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

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### 8. Operating and Financial Review

#### Summary of results

Revenue for the consolidated group amounted to \$16.5 million (2009: \$55.2 million). Net cash used in operating activities was A\$6.9 million. EBIDTA loss of the consolidated group amounted to \$86.2 million (2009: \$12.5 million loss) and the net loss of the consolidated group, after providing for interest, impairment, depreciation, amortisation and income tax and eliminating minority equity interests amounted to \$93.5 million (2009: \$23.7 million loss).

The high level analysis of the key non-cash transactions in the 2010 financial year below illustrates the cash used in operations by the group in the twelve months to 30 June 2010.

	<b>A\$'000</b>
Net (loss) for the period	(93,479)
Add: Non-cash items	
Depreciation	2,118
Impairment of biological asset	740
Impairment of Property, plant and equipment	73,089
Impairment of trade receivables	4,839
Change in fair value of biological assets	(1,656)
Finance costs (non-cash)	2,293
Change in working capital	5,154
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(6,902)</u>

### 9. Review of Operations

#### Biodiesel Refining

##### Refining operational and financial performance

During the twelve months to June 2010, the first Biodiesel refinery (100,000 tpa) successfully produced and delivered biodiesel into the sales contract secured by Mission in 2008. All biodiesel sold and delivered in this period met, and exceeded, the European specifications to which it was required to comply with.

Despite a negative commodity spread for biodiesel refining during most of the twelve months, Mission operated its refinery intermittently for the first half of the financial.

The refining unit made a positive contribution from biodiesel production and by-product sales, however the low production volumes, due to negative margins between the input price of CPO and the possible sales prices of Biodiesel, prevented sufficient contribution towards covering the refinery's overheads.

Moving forward, Mission was very pleased to have announced the sales off-take agreement with Valero, concluded in December 2009. The contract allows Mission to supply 200,000 tpa of biodiesel

## **Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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for five years, with Valero having the option to extend the contract for a further five years and double the volume to 400,000 tpa. Mission has agreed to supply Valero with all its biodiesel produced from Mission's captive Jatropha feedstock up to the contracted quantity. Jatropha is an in-edible perennial oil seed plant that has been shown to grow on marginal soil without displacing agricultural land used for food supply, making it an ecologically responsible source of fuel oil. Subject to favourable economics and legislation matters being resolved, as Mission's available stock of Jatropha matures to scale, Mission will supply Valero with palm oil based biodiesel.

Under the Valero contract Mission's capacity utilisation is capable of increasing from the current 28% up to 57%.

### **Missions second refinery (250,000 tpa)**

Mission was pleased to announce in the fourth quarter the commissioning of its second 250,000 tons per-annum (approximately 75 million gallons per annum) Axens 2nd Generation biodiesel transesterification refinery, adjacent to the 100,000 tpa plan in Kuantan Port, Malaysia, has been completed. During the performance tests, the plant achieved its nameplate capacity and met all guaranteed performance parameters. The biodiesel produced during the performance test has been evaluated by an internationally renowned external laboratory and the results exceed the European EN14214 specification for Biodiesel. Mission is in discussions with its turnkey contractor, KNM Process Systems Sdn Bhd, to finalise the transfer of the plant to Mission. All approvals and licences required to operate the plant have been secured.

### **Impairment of refinery assets**

The Board reviews the carrying value of its refinery assets at each reporting date. Historically, and again at 31 December 2009, the Board was satisfied to carry the value of the refinery assets at their amortised cost (\$66.8 million At 31 December 2009) because the forecast profits to be generated by the refineries exceeded the carrying value. This assessment is based on a number of assumptions including forecast oil yields, commodity prices, and volumes. In addition, the Directors took into account the 5 year Valero sales contract signed in December 2009.

During the second half of the 2010 financial year, the USA introduced its revised Renewable Fuels Standard 2, which legislated, amongst other items, a significant mandate for the use of biodiesel in the USA. This in itself is especially promising for the biofuels industry. However the revised legislation also introduced a requirement for vegetable oil feedstocks, such as soy, rape seed, palm oil and Jatropha oil to meet certain environmental and green house gas requirements. At this point in time, the detailed analysis required to demonstrate that palm and jatropha will meet these requirements is in progress. In addition, a key subsidy, called the Biodiesel blending credit (being US\$1 per gallon), lapsed on 31 December 2009. The extension of this subsidy, although in principle supported by Congress, is being widely debated by the US government, and has at this date not been formally extended.

In addition, the European Union will introduce, with effect 1 January 2011, legislation that requires all biodiesel to be based on new sustainability criteria (named the Renewable Energy Directive). Currently, there are limited suppliers of palm oil that meet these criteria. However, numerous producers of palm oil are in the process of getting their product certified to be in compliance with the European requirements. Mission's biodiesel refineries are already attested under the ISCC which has been recognised as an approved certification by the German Government.

Despite the significant efforts internationally to address these legal requirements, the Board is required, under the accounting standards, to assess the refining cash generating unit's ability to generate revenue based on existing conditions. The combination of these factors at this point in time forces the Board to provide for an impairment of the refining assets until the legislative hurdles are cleared. This NON CASH accounting write-off is in no way an indication that the plant cannot produce biodiesel under the required specifications. The Board is confident that the significant efforts undertaken by management and the international community will make it possible for the refining

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assets to be put to productive use in the ensuing financial period; at which time the value of these assets can be reinstated to its useful value at that point in time.

Both plants are in excellent condition and on full operational standby to produce biodiesel as and when required.

### **Upstream Feedstock Business**

After significant growth in acreage during the calendar years 2007 and 2008, the twelve months to June 2010 was a period of consolidation and review of operations in the feedstock business with a focus on receivable collection and delivery of proper agronomy practices. Around 6,416 acres were planted in the twelve months to 30 June 2010 utilising existing saplings available from Mission nurseries. At June 2010 Mission had around 23,000 additional acres signed up with new contract farmers. As the transplanting of saplings can only begin with the onset of the rainy season in India, no new acreage had been planted at 30 June 2010.

As anticipated, not all acreage will reward equally while operating under a contract farming model. Given this inevitability, Mission has organised its contract farmers in a geographically diverse manner spanning a large geographical area of India. Mission employs a continuous review of the condition and success of the contract farming across its acreage, such that it can focus its further efforts in the most productive regions. Considering expected mortality, anticipated deviations in yield performance associated with the wide geographic spread of our feedstock cultivation operations and the nature of contract farming in general, we estimate that we have 170,000 acres of effective acreage, resulting in an expected 170,000 tonnes per year of crude *Jatropha* oil and 340,000 tonnes per year of seed cake. Mission is extremely encouraged that ~50% of its acreage is performing to targets. Mission attributes this outstanding performance to its deep and consistent contact with its contract farmers.

### **Wind farm business**

The two wind mills owned by the Company of 1.65 MW each, generated and sold under a Power Purchase Agreement 5,855,621 kwh during the twelve months to 30 June 2010. An impairment review of the windmills was undertaken. Revenues generated from these assets were found to be less than expected, thus the carrying value of the windmill assets were written down to their value in use.

## **10. Financial Position**

The Group had a loss for the year ended 30 June 2010 of \$93.5 million after an impairment of \$73.1 million (2009 : \$23.6 million), a current assets less current liability surplus of \$20.7 million (2009 : \$16.8 million) and a net asset deficiency of \$25.4 million (2009 : \$51.0 million surplus) at balance date. The net asset deficiency is as a result of the impairment of refinery assets during the current financial year (refer to note 5a).

The Directors believe that the consolidated group has sufficient financial resources at 30 June 2010 to meet its committed financial liabilities.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which has been assessed based on detailed cash flow forecasts extending out twelve months from the date of this financial report. The cash flow forecasts from operations are based on the forecast cash flows required to sustain the business, cash on hand at 30 June 2010 and the ongoing receivables collection associated with historic sapling sales. At the date of this report, the Board is exploring an opportunity to defer the payment of capital commitments (refer to note 26) of around A\$6.4 million.

The ability of the Group to continue as a going concern in the ordinary course of business and to achieve the business growth strategies and objectives is dependent upon its ability to collect amounts owing under its receivables, defer the capital commitment relating to the second biodiesel plant, or raise further debt or equity to meet the capital commitments. The debt or equity funding referred to above has not been agreed to at the date of this report.

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Notwithstanding the matters mentioned above, the directors believe that the Group will be successful in the matters discussed above and accordingly have prepared the financial report on a going concern basis in the belief that the Group will realise its assets and settle its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business and for at least the amounts stated in the financial report. However, should the Group not be successful in the matters discussed above, there is significant uncertainty whether the Group would be able to continue as a going concern.

### **11. Dividends Paid or Recommended**

No dividends have been paid or declared for payment.

### **12. Events subsequent to reporting date**

Other than the matter mentioned below, there have been no significant subsequent events up until the date of signing this Financial Report.

### **13. Significant Changes in State of Affairs**

There have been no significant changes to the state of affairs up to the date of signing this Financial Report.

### **14. Future developments, Prospects and Business Strategies**

Upon achieving its first commercial scale harvest of Jatropha feedstock, the commissioning of Mission's second biodiesel refinery and the entering into a long term biodiesel sales agreement with major oil refiner, the company is well on its way of realising its business plan of becoming a fully integrated biodiesel producer. Mission now intends to expand its Jatropha footprint, increase the utilisation of its existing refining assets via additional long term sales agreements and expand downstream into biodiesel logistics.

Based on the success of the first Jatropha harvest, Mission looks forward to expanding this business via the planting of new acreage and possibly also through the acquisition of other Jatropha operations. This continued expansion coupled with the maturing of existing Jatropha acreage provides the necessary scale to reduce Mission cost. To further improve Mission's economics Mission continues to improve the realisation of value from Jatropha by-products.

Reduction of feedstock cost base through the switch from Palm to Jatropha, increased throughput scale and continued process enhancements at its existing refineries, position Mission well to win additional long term biodiesel off-take agreements and improve the economics of existing long term contracts. Increasing utilisation rates and increasing margins, continue to be greatest driver to Mission's near term financial performance.

Mission intends to expand its business through the downstream expansion in the Jatropha business into oil seed crushing, possible expansions in refining facilities in different jurisdictions and into the wholesale storage and logistics of biodiesel. Such expansion allows Mission to capture additional margin by participating throughout the value chain.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**15. Rounding off**

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with that Class Order, amounts in the financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

**16. Non audit services**

The Group's auditors did not provide any non-audit services during the year. Refer to Note 10 for details of amounts paid to the Group's auditors during the year

**17. The lead auditor's independence declaration**

The lead auditor's independence declaration, in accordance with S307C of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2010 has been received and can be found on page 23 of the Directors' Report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



**Nathan Mahalingam**  
**Group Managing Director**  
**Date: 17 September 2010**

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**Auditor's Independence Declaration  
To the Directors of Mission NewEnergy Limited**

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Mission NewEnergy Limited for the year ended 30 June 2010, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- b no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD  
Chartered Accountants



M J Hillgrove  
Director – Audit & Assurance

Perth, 17 September 2010

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**CONSOLIDATED GROUP INCOME STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010**

	Note	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Sales revenue	7	16,189	52,809	27,611
Other income	7	271	2,368	2,322
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>16,460</b>	<b>55,177</b>	<b>29,933</b>
Cost of sales	8a	(15,021)	(45,709)	(10,964)
Employee benefits expense	8b	(5,307)	(5,117)	(2,694)
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		568	622	194
Consultants' expenses		(594)	(518)	(1,465)
Hedging cost		(95)	(67)	-
Impairment of trade receivables	13	(4,839)	(8,334)	(1,185)
Impairment of inventories and biological assets		(740)	(2,947)	-
Impairment of assets	5a	(73,089)	-	-
Shareholder expenses		(121)	(106)	(129)
Travel expenses		(886)	(1,109)	(924)
Research and development		(154)	(367)	-
Rental expenses		(271)	(247)	(226)
Other expenses from ordinary activities	8c	(2,091)	(3,729)	(1,042)
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation		(86,180)	(12,451)	11,498
Impairment of loans and investments	34	-	-	(403)
Depreciation and amortisation expenses		(2,118)	(2,469)	(782)
Finance costs	8d	(5,152)	(8,401)	(5,868)
Profit/(loss) before income tax		(93,450)	(23,321)	4,445
Income tax (expense)/benefit	9	(29)	(434)	(161)
Profit (loss) for the year		(93,479)	(23,755)	4,284
Profit/(Loss) attributable to minority equity interests		-	95	(90)
Net (loss)/profit attributable to members of the parent entity		(93,479)	(23,660)	4,194
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	11	(39.0)	(23.9)	4.527
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	11	(39.0)	(23.9)	4.526

The accompanying notes form part of this financial report

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

**CONSOLIDATED GROUP STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
(Loss)/Profit for the period	(93,479)	(23,660)	4,194
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	286	9,806	(7,344)
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period net of tax	286	9,806	(7,344)
Total comprehensive (loss for the period	(93,193)	(13,854)	(3,150)
Attributable to owners of the parent	(93,193)	(13,854)	(3,150)

The accompanying notes form part of this financial report

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**CONSOLIDATED GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  
AS AT 30 JUNE 2010**

	Note	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	12	17,155	16,247	24,733
Trade and other receivables	13	4,168	2,438	16,112
Biological assets	14	1,477	1,339	7,096
Inventories	15	1,671	4,204	2,819
Other financial assets	16	26	1,242	917
Other assets	20	457	848	2,640
Current tax assets	23	53	54	-
Total current assets		25,007	26,372	54,317
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>				
Trade and other receivables	13	4,321	11,574	1,482
Other financial assets	16	-	147	-
Property, plant and equipment	18	7,547	78,924	57,464
Intangible assets	19	1,013	1,013	1,013
Deferred tax assets	23	-	-	293
Other assets	20	182	-	11
Total non-current assets		13,063	91,658	60,263
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>38,070</b>	<b>118,030</b>	<b>114,580</b>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>				
Trade and other payables	21	3,602	8,890	6,884
Financial liabilities	22	624	599	3,400
Current tax liabilities	23	-	-	95
Short-term provisions		74	61	-
Total current liabilities		4,300	9,550	10,379
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>				
Other payables		109	-	-
Financial liabilities	22	59,028	57,413	55,437
Deferred tax liabilities	23	-	28	142
Total non-current liabilities		59,137	57,441	55,579
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>63,437</b>	<b>66,991</b>	<b>65,958</b>
<b>NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)/SURPLUS</b>		<b>(25,367)</b>	<b>51,039</b>	<b>48,622</b>

## Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

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### EQUITY

Issued capital	24	76,634	61,123	45,038
Reserves		10,931	9,385	579
Retained earnings (Accumulated losses)		(112,938)	(19,475)	2,904
Minority Interests		6	6	101
Total Equity (Deficiency)		(25,367)	51,039	48,622

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

**CONSOLIDATED GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010**

	Ordinary Share Capital	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Losses)	Share Based Payments Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Convertible Notes Reserve	Minority Interests	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2007</b>	<b>40,851</b>	<b>(1,290)</b>	<b>1,406</b>	<b>(2,504)</b>	<b>9,802</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>48,663</b>
Profit/(loss) attributable to members of parent entity	-	4,194	-	-	-	-	4,194
Profit/(loss) attributable to minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	90	90
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>	-	-	-	(7,344)	-	-	(7,344)
Pro-rata expenses of February 2009 options that lapsed during the year	-	-	(125)	-	-	-	(125)
Conversion of convertible notes to equity	4,187	-	-	-	(656)	-	3,531
Minority Interest of India subsidiary companies	-	-	-	-	-	(387)	(387)
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2008</b>	<b>45,038</b>	<b>2,904</b>	<b>1,281</b>	<b>(9,848)</b>	<b>9,146</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>48,622</b>
Profit/(loss) attributable to members of parent entity	-	(23,660)	-	-	-	-	(23,660)
Profit/(loss) attributable to minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	(95)	(95)
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>	-	-	-	9,806	-	-	9,806
Pro-rata expenses of February 2009 options that lapsed during the year	-	1,281	(1,281)	-	-	-	-
Conversion of convertible notes to equity	(87)	-	281	-	-	-	194

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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Issue of new shares	16,172	-	-	-	-	-	16,172
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2009</b>	<b>61,123</b>	<b>(19,475)</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>(42)</b>	<b>9,146</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>51,039</b>
Profit/(Loss) attributable to members of parent entity	-	(93,479)	-	-	-	-	(93,479)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>	-	-	-	286	-	-	286
Pro-rata expenses of 2009 options that lapsed during the year	-	16	(16)	-	-	-	-
Pro-rata expenses for options and performance shares	-	-	1,276	-	-	-	1,276
Issue of New Shares	15,511	-	-	-	-	-	15,511
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2010</b>	<b>76,634</b>	<b>(112,938)</b>	<b>1,541</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>9,146</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>(25,367)</b>

**CONSOLIDATED GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010**

	Note	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Receipts from customers		17,126	53,362	3,774
Payments to suppliers and employees		(21,331)	(61,552)	(17,664)
Interest received		167	716	325
Finance costs		(2,859)	(3,248)	(2,983)
Income tax paid		(5)	(169)	-
Net cash (used in) operating activities	29	<u>(6,902)</u>	<u>(10,891)</u>	<u>(16,548)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(7,540)	(14,099)	(35,827)
Payments for subsidiary (net of cash acquired)		-	-	(591)
Purchase of performance bond Investments		1,112	(1,299)	-
Receipt from investment in held to maturity investment and deposits		23	1,002	(917)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		<u>(6,405)</u>	<u>(14,396)</u>	<u>(37,335)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Proceeds from share issue (net of costs)		15,511	16,172	-
(Repayments)/proceeds from borrowings		(574)	(3,787)	7,254
Net cash provided by financing activities		<u>14,937</u>	<u>12,385</u>	<u>7,254</u>
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		1,630	(12,902)	(46,629)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year		16,247	24,733	78,841
Effects of exchange rate fluctuations of cash held in foreign currencies		(722)	4,416	(7,479)
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR</b>	12	<u>17,155</u>	<u>16,247</u>	<u>24,733</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

**1. Nature of operations and general information**

Mission New Energy Limited is a company domiciled in Australia (ACN: 117 065 719) and:

- listed on the ASX with its operations in Malaysia and India;
- that owns and operates a 100,000 tpa (approx. 30 million gallons p.a.) biodiesel plant at Kuantan in Malaysia producing biodiesel;
- that is the only non-German biodiesel producer to be certified by AGQM, the German Biodiesel production process certification body;
- that has recently commissioned a 250,000 tpa (approx. 75 million gallons p.a.) biodiesel plant with KNM Process Systems Sdn Bhd as a turnkey contractor which is adjacent to the 100,000 tpa plant;
- that will initially use Crude Palm Oil (CPO) as the feedstock for its biodiesel plants in Malaysia;
- that is rapidly developing its upstream feedstock business in India, which is focusing on a drought-resistant perennial plant (*Jatropha Curcas*) that grows in marginal/poor soil. *Jatropha* is easy to establish, grows quickly, produces seeds for over 40 years and importantly is inedible;
- that will ultimately replace CPO with *Jatropha* Oil as its feedstock for its biodiesel plants;
- that owns and operates two wind energy turbines of 1.65 MW each in India which sell electricity to a Western Indian utility under a 13 year power purchase agreement.

**2. Basis of preparation**

Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASB's) (including Australian interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The consolidated financial report of the group complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Basis of measurement

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied. All amounts shown are in Australian dollars (\$) unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The ability of the Group to continue as a going concern and pay its debts as and when they fall due is dependent on the continued support of its bankers and its customer base (refer note 5(b)).

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with the Class Order, amounts in the financial report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

## Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

#### Functional and Presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian Dollars. The functional currencies of the operating units are as follows:

- Refining operations - Malaysian Ringgit,
- Feedstock operations – Indian Rupee,
- Other – Australian Dollar.

This financial report was approved by the Board of Directors on 17 September 2010.

### 3. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

Except where stated, these accounting policies have been consistently applied by each entity in the consolidated entity and are consistent with those of the previous year.

#### a. Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Mission New Energy Limited and its subsidiaries, as defined in Accounting Standard AASB 127 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements'. These include Mission Biotechnologies Sdn Bhd (MBTSB), Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd, Mission Agro Energy Limited and Mission Biofuels (India) Pvt Ltd.

On 13 December 2005, Mission New Energy Limited acquired all of the issued capital of MBTSB. In accordance with the requirements of AASB 3 Business Combinations, MBTSB was identified as the acquirer in relation to the combination. Accordingly, the combination has been accounted for as a reverse acquisition. This has resulted in the consolidated statement of financial position reflecting the assets, liabilities and equity of MBTSB, and the cost of the combination being recognised at the fair value of the equity instruments on issue in Mission New Energy Limited at the date of acquisition. The application of AASB 3 Business Combinations does not change the status of Mission New Energy as the legal parent entity of the Group.

Mission Agro Energy Limited (MAEL), a wholly owned subsidiary of Mission New Energy Limited, was incorporated on 8 September 2006. On 28 March 2007, MAEL initially acquired 70% of the issued capital of Mission Biofuels (India) Private Limited (MBIPL) and has incrementally increased the shareholding to 99.49% at 30 June 2010.

MBIPL had acquired 51.01% of the issued capital of Mission Agro Diesel (India) Private Limited on 8 March 2007 with the corporate decision making process resulting in joint control. On 2 May 2008 the Board resolved to sell Mission Agro Diesel (India) Pvt Ltd, and accordingly AASB5 "Non Current Assets held for sale discontinued operations" is applied in accounting for this transaction. The full value of the investment in Mission Agro Diesel (India) Private Limited has been provided for. As at Balance sheet date this company had not been sold.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 17 to the financial statements. All controlled entities have a 30 June financial year-end.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the Consolidated Group, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies applied by the parent entity.

## Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

Where controlled entities have entered or left the Consolidated Group during the year, their operating results have been included/excluded from the date control was obtained or until the date control ceased.

Minority equity interests in the equity and results of the entities that are controlled are shown as a separate item in the consolidated financial report.

#### b. Income Tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Consolidated Group will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

#### c. Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of work in progress includes purchases of seeds for nursery and saplings. Development charges are applied on the basis of normal operating capacity.

#### d. Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the Consolidated Group includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

## Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

#### e. Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised leased assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Buildings	5%
Leasehold improvements	10%
Machinery and equipment	10%
Biodiesel Plant	5%
Computer equipment	20% - 33%
Motor Vehicles	20%
Office equipment	10%
Leased plant and equipment	10%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the income statement.

#### f. Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that is transferred to entities in the Consolidated Group, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

## Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

#### g. Financial Instruments

##### Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

##### Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

##### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

##### Hedge accounting

The group uses derivatives from time to time to manage financial risk and does not apply hedge accounting.

##### Held-to-maturity investments

These investments have fixed maturities, and it is the group's intention to hold these investments to maturity. Any held-to-maturity investments held by the group are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

##### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include any financial assets not included in the above categories. Available-for-sale financial assets are reflected at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken directly to equity.

##### Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost.

##### Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

##### Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, the group assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**h. Impairment of non-financial Tangible and Intangible Assets**

At each reporting date, the group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Impairment testing is performed at each reporting date for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

**i. Intangibles**

**Goodwill**

Goodwill on consolidation is initially recorded at the amount by which the purchase price for a business or for an ownership interest in a controlled entity exceeds the fair value attributed to its net assets at date of acquisition. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

**j. Research and development**

Expenditure during the research phase of a project is recognised as an expense when incurred. Development costs are capitalised only when technical feasibility studies identify that the project will deliver future economic benefits and these benefits can be measured reliably.

Development costs have a finite life and will be amortised on a systematic basis matched to the future economic benefits over the useful life of the project. As the development phase is still in progress, amortisation has not commenced. The estimated useful life of this asset will be determined when the development stage is complete.

**k. Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances**

**Functional and presentation currency**

The functional currency of each of the group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

**Transaction and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the income statement.

**Group companies**

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

- assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period where this is not materially different from the rate at the date of the transaction; and
- retained earnings are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the group's foreign currency translation reserve in the statement of financial position. These differences are recognised in the income statement in the period in which the operation is disposed.

**I. Employee Benefits**

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

**Equity-settled compensation**

Equity settled share-based payments are measured at fair value at the date of grant. Fair values of options are measured using the Binomial model. Fair value of performance shares are based on the closing share price on the date of grant. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity settled share share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Consolidated Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest.

**m. Payables**

Trade payables and other accounts payable are recognised when the Consolidated Group becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services.

**n. Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

**o. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

**p. Revenue**

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the delivery of goods to customers, when reasonable certainty exists that such revenues will be realised and the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

The change in the fair value of biological assets (refer accounting policy 3w), is recognised in revenue in the period in which the change in fair value occurs.

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

## Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established. Dividends received from associates and joint venture entities are accounted for in accordance with the equity method of accounting

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

#### q. Borrowing Costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred, except for borrowing costs that are directly related to the construction of an asset, which are capitalised.

#### r. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows

#### s. Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all grant conditions will be met. Grants relating to expense items are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match the grant to the costs they are compensating. Grants relating to assets are credited to deferred income at fair value and are credited to income over the expected useful life of the asset on a straight-line basis.

#### t. Convertible Notes

For convertible notes, the component of the convertible note that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position, net of transaction costs.

On issuance of the convertible note, the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond and this amount is carried as a long term liability. The increase in the liability due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the Convertible Notes reserve that is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of transaction costs. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in subsequent years.

#### u. Rounding of Amounts

The parent entity has applied the relief available to it under ASIC Class Order 98/100 and accordingly, unless otherwise stated, amounts in the financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest \$1,000

#### v. Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of cost or fair value when the assets is available for immediate sale and expected to be sold within 12 months. No depreciation is recorded over the assets held for sale.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

w. Biological assets

Biological assets, in the form of *Jatropha Curcas* saplings, are measured at fair value less estimated point of sale costs, with the changes in fair value during the period recognised in the Income Statement. Points of sale costs include all costs that would be necessary to sell the asset.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**4. New standards and interpretations not yet adopted**

The following amendments to standards and interpretations have been identified as those which may impact the entity in the period of initial application. They are available for early adoption at 30 June 2010, but have not been applied preparing this financial report:

<b>New / revised pronouncement</b>	<b>Superseded pronouncement</b>	<b>Explanation of amendments</b>	<b>Effective date (i.e. Example disclosure of impact of new annual reporting periods ending on or after)</b>	<b>Related pronouncement which must be early adopted if this standard is early adopted</b>	<b>Likely impact</b>
AASB 9 Financial Instruments  AASB 2009-11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9	AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (part)	AASB 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. AASB 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortised cost or fair value, replacing the many different rules in AASB 139 and removes the impairment requirement for financial assets held at fair value.	31 December 2013	AASB 9 amends the classification and measurement of financial assets; the effect on the entity will be that more assets are held at fair value and the need for impairment testing has been limited to assets held at amortised cost only.	AASB 9  Depending on assets held, there may be significant movement of assets between fair value and cost categories and ceasing of impairment testing on available for sale assets.
AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures  AASB 2009-12 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 124.	AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures	This revision amends the disclosure requirements for government related entities and the definition of a related party.	31 December 2011	Since the entity is not a government related entity; there is not expected to be any changes arising from this standard.	AASB 2009-12  Unlikely to have significant impact in Australia.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

<b>New / revised pronouncement</b>	<b>Superseded pronouncement</b>	<b>Explanation of amendments</b>	<b>Effective date (i.e. Example disclosure of impact of new annual reporting periods ending on or after)</b>	<b>standard on the financial report (if standard is not early adopted)</b>	<b>Related pronouncement which must be early adopted if this standard is early adopted</b>	<b>Likely impact</b>
AASB 2009-5 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project [AASB 5, 8, 101, 107, 117, 118, 136 & 139]	N/a	Makes various amendments to a number of standards and interpretations in line with the IASB annual improvements project.	31 December 2010	Given the number of standards amended by AASB 2009-5, an example disclosure is not included.  Entities assess the impact of each of the amendments on their organisation.	Related standard where applicable	Varies depending on relevance, however impact is unlikely to be significant.
AASB 2009-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters	AASB 1 First Time adoption of Australian Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (June 2007)	AASB 2009-9 makes amendments to ensure that entities applying Australian Accounting Standards for the first time will not face undue cost or effort in the transition process in particular situations.	31 December 2010	As this is not the first year of adoption of IFRSs, these amendments will not have any impact on the entity's financial report	AASB 1	No impact for entities who are applying IFRS.
AASB 2009-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Rights Issues	AASB 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation	AASB 2009-10 makes amendments which clarify that right, options or warrants to acquire a fixed number of an entity's own equity instruments for a fixed amount in any currency are equity instruments if the entity offers the rights, options or warrants pro rata to all existing owners of the same class of its non-derivative equity instruments.	31 January 2011	As the entity does not have any rights, options or warrants to acquire their own equity instruments, these amendments will not have any impact on the entity's financial report.	AASB 132	Potentially significant if rights issues have been offered and denominated in foreign currency.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

<b>New / revised pronouncement</b>	<b>Superseded pronouncement</b>	<b>Explanation of amendments</b>	<b>Effective date (i.e. Example disclosure of impact of new annual reporting periods ending on or after)</b>	<b>Related pronouncement which must be early adopted if standard is not early adopted)</b>	<b>Likely impact</b>	
AASB 2009-13 Amendments to AASB 1 arising from Interpretation 19	Interpretation 19	This standard amends AASB 1 to allow a first-time adopter to use the transitional provisions in Interpretation 19.	30 June 2011	As the entity is not a first-time adopter of IFRS, this standard will not have any impact.	None	Unlikely to have significant impact.
AASB 2010-01 Limited exemption from comparative AASB 7 disclosures for first time adopters (Amendments to AASB 1 and AASB 7)	AASB 1: First-time adoption of Australian Accounting Standards  AASB 7 Financial instruments: Disclosures	These amendments principally give effect to extending the transition provisions of AASB 2009-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments to first-time adopters of Australian Accounting Standards.	30 June 2011	As the entity is not a first-time adopter of IFRS, this standard will not have any impact.	None	Reduced disclosures for first-time adopters.

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New / pronouncement	revised	Superseded pronouncement	Explanation of amendments	Effective date (i.e. annual reporting periods ending on or after)	Example disclosure of impact of new standard on the financial report (if adopted if this standard is not early is early adopted)	Related pronouncement must be early adopted	Likely impact
Australian Accounting Interpretations							
Interpretation 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	N/A		This interpretation addresses the accounting by an entity when the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and result in the entity issuing equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of the financial liability. These transactions are sometimes referred to as 'debt for equity swaps'.	30 June 2011	As the entity has not renegotiated any financial liabilities into equity instruments this interpretation is not expected to have any impact on the entity's financial report.	None	Significant if the entity has renegotiated any financial liabilities to equity instruments.
AASB 2009-14 Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement (Amendments to Interpretation 14)	N/A		This amendment to Interpretation 14 addresses the unintended consequences that can arise from the previous requirements when an entity prepays future contributions into a defined benefit pension plan.	31 December 2011	As the entity does not have a defined benefit pension plan this amendment to Interpretation 14 is not expected to have any impact on the entity's financial report.	None	Possibly significant if the entity has a defined benefit pension plan.

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New / pronouncement	revised	Superseded pronouncement	Explanation of amendments	Effective date (i.e. annual reporting periods ending on or after)	Example disclosure of Related pronouncement impact of new standard which must be early on the financial report (if adopted if this standard is not early is early adopted adopted)	Likely impact
AASB 2010-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from reduced disclosure requirements	None	None	This Standard gives effect to Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements. AASB 1053 provides further information regarding the differential reporting framework and the two tiers of reporting requirements for preparing general purpose financial statements.	30 June 2014	AASB 2010-2 sets out the relevant disclosures that will not be required to be made if it is a Tier 2 entity that nominates to comply.	Reduced note disclosures in the following main areas: AASB 7 Financial Instruments; Disclosures AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements AASB 108 Accounting Policies AASB 123 Borrowing Costs AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures AASB 128 Accounting for Associates

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New / pronouncement	revised / Superseded pronouncement	Explanation of amendments	Effective date (i.e. annual reporting periods ending on or after)	Example disclosure of Related impact of new standard on the financial report (if standard is not early adopted)	pronouncement which must be early is early adopted	Likely impact
AASB 2010-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project [AASB 3, AASB 7, AASB 121, AASB 128, AASB 131, AASB 132 & AASB 139]	None	Limits the scope of the measurement choices of non-controlling interest at proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation. Other components of NCI are measured at fair value.  Requires an entity (in a business combination) to account for the replacement of the acquiree's share- based payment transactions (whether obliged or voluntarily), i.e. split between consideration and post combination expenses.  Clarifies that contingent consideration from a business combination that occurred before the effective date of AASB 3 Revised is not restated.  Eliminates the requirement to restate financial statements for a reporting period when significant influence or joint control is lost and the reporting entity accounts for the remaining investment under AASB 139. This includes the effect on accumulated foreign exchange differences on such investments.	30 June 2011	Given the number of standards amended by AASB 2010-3, an example disclosure is not included.  Entities assess the impact of each of the amendments on their organisation.	None	Varies depending on relevance, however impact is unlikely to be significant.

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New / pronouncement	revised	Superseded pronouncement	Explanation of amendments	Effective date (i.e. annual reporting periods ending on or after)	Example disclosure of Related impact of new standard which must be early on the financial report (if adopted if this standard is not early is early adopted adopted)	pronouncement	Likely impact
AASB 2010-4 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project [AASB 1, AASB 7, AASB 101, AASB 134 and Interpretation 13]	None	None	<p>Emphasises the interaction between quantitative and qualitative AASB 7 disclosures and the nature and extent of risks associated with financial instruments.</p> <p>Clarifies that an entity will present an analysis of other comprehensive income for each component of equity, either in the statement of changes in equity or in the notes to the financial statements.</p> <p>Provides guidance to illustrate how to apply disclosure principles in AASB 134 for significant events and transactions.</p> <p>Clarify that when the fair value of award credits is measured based on the value of the awards for which they could be redeemed, the amount of discounts or incentives otherwise granted to customers not participating in the award credit scheme, is to be taken in account.</p>	31 December 2011	<p>Given the number of standards amended by AASB 2010-4, an example disclosure is not included.</p> <p>Entities assess the impact of each of the amendments on their organisation.</p>	None	Varies depending on relevance however impact is unlikely to be significant.

The Group has not yet determined the potential effect of the amending standards on the Group's financial report.

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**5. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments**

The preparation of annual financial reports requires the Board to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The Board evaluates estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group. Actual results may differ from these estimates

Except as described below, in preparing this consolidated financial report, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that were applied to the consolidated financial report as at and for the year ended 30 June 2009. During the twelve months ended 30 June 2010 management reassessed its estimates in respect of:

**a. Impairment of assets**

The Group assesses impairment of assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined.

**Goodwill**

The group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 3(h). Goodwill has arisen as a result of the purchase of equity in Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd. Where a review for impairment is conducted, the recoverable amount is assessed by reference to the higher of 'value in use' (being the net present value of expected future cash flows of the relevant cash generating unit) and 'fair value less costs to sell'. The significant assumptions applied in this value in use calculation are;

- a forecast of cash inflows from sale of jatropha curcas saplings,
- a forecast of expenditure to meet operational requirements,
- the forecast of seed and oil yields and, the resultant oil extracted meets expected outputs,
- an estimate of commodity sales prices for Jatropha crude oil and Jatropha seedcake, and
- that this will result in the utilisation of jatropha oil in the Groups biodiesel refineries or sold to other third party refineries.

There is a significant risk of the actual outcomes being different from those forecast due to changes in economic, market and agricultural conditions and/or assumptions regarding events, which may result in the carrying value of the goodwill exceeding the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amounts of goodwill have been estimated using value in use calculations and have been applied to the forecast cash generated from operations within the feedstock cash generating unit. Please refer to note 19 for details on the carrying value of goodwill.

**Credit risk of receivables**

**Malaysian operations**

Credit risk for sales in the refining operations are managed with the use of "Letters of Credit" for most of the sales, thus the risk of receivable default is negligible.

**Indian Operations**

Credit risk, to a carrying value of A\$6.4 million (A\$13.0 million at 30 June 2009) after providing for impairment and discounting charge, arising from sales of Jatropha Curcas saplings to contract farmers (around 124,000 contract farmers) is managed through the following approach:

- The Company sells Jatropha Curcas saplings to various contract farmers in India. The contracts are concluded after a detailed review of the suitability of the contract farmer and the proposed land to be used for contract farming,

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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- The sales contract states that the balance owing is at call by the Company and that the Company has a 30 year agreement to buy back from the Contract Farmer the future harvest of oil seeds produced by the Jatropha trees. The Jatropha Curcas saplings have an estimated production life in excess of 30 years. Receivables are secured against these future contracted purchases of Jatropha Curcas seeds,
- Sales are made to a large number of geographically disbursed contract farmers, with each receivable being for a relatively low value (around A\$250 per contract farmer, depending on the contract farming acreage),
- The Company has in place memoranda of understanding with a number of leading financial institutions in India who have agreed to finance the contract farmers to fund their upfront investment into the Jatropha saplings.
- These financial institutions have formulated specific schemes of financing for Jatropha farming,
- In addition, the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) of India (apex body for agricultural financing) has in place a standardised scheme of financing to farmers of Jatropha Curcas,
- Disbursement of these loans to the farmers will enable them to repay the amounts owed to the Company,
- The Company assists the farmers in their interaction with the financial institutions for availing of loan facilities.
- In assessing the recoverability of sapling sales receivables, the following factors are taken into account;
  - actual recovery of receivables to date,
  - anticipated timing of future receipts, based on;
  - anticipated loan disbursement rates from the banks to the farmers, to enable the farmer to repay the receivable to Mission,
  - estimates of expected yields of oil seeds from the Jatropha Curcas saplings, and estimated mortality of Jatropha Curcas saplings.
- The operational team in India has achieved a significant improvement in the collection of receivables through the disbursement of bank loans to the farmers during the twelve months to June 2010,

The Directors believe that due to the systems and processes now in place and extensive effort put in by banks and Mission staff that loans will continue to be disbursed to farmers in due course. During the period, the leadership team in India successfully rolled out Mission's proprietary GPS mapping and agronomy management system with a significant portion of the fields reviewed for maturity and existence of saplings, condition, stem girth etc. The results of this review at December 2009 indicated ~50% of plantation acreage were performing to targets. While, management has stepped up agronomy training to its currently underperforming farmers, given the review on sapling mortality, the Board has accordingly revised its assessment of recoverability of receivables from the sale of saplings, and thus the Directors have increased the provision for impairment to A\$14.0 million at 30 June 2010.

Further, given the run rate of cash collections achieved during the year to 30 June 2010 and the inherent challenges in assisting the farmers in their interaction with the banks, the Directors have re-assessed the estimate of when the Group's receivables will be settled by the farmers. Accordingly, at 30 June 2010, the Directors have classified A\$4.3 million (after providing for impairment and discounting charge) of sapling sale receivables as non-current.

**Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment if there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where a review for impairment is conducted, the recoverable amount

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

is assessed by reference to the higher of 'value in use' (being the net present value of expected future cash flows of the relevant cash generating unit) and 'fair value less costs to sell'.

During the year, the Board was pleased to announce the commissioning of Missions new 250,000 tpa biodiesel plant, adjacent to the 100,000 tpa plant in Kuantan Port, Malaysia. Both plants are in excellent condition and on full operational standby to produce biodiesel as and when required. In addition, the construction of a distillation column within the plant property is underway which will allow the refineries to meet different specifications of biodiesel, as required by various customers.

The Board reviews the carrying value of its refinery assets at each reporting date. Historically, and again at 31 December 2009, the Board was satisfied to carry the value of the refinery assets at their amortised cost (\$66.8 million At 31 December 2009) because the forecast profits to be generated by the refineries exceeded the carrying value. This assessment is based on a number of assumptions including forecast oil yields, commodity prices, and volumes. In addition, the Directors took into account the 5 year Valero sales contract signed in December 2009.

During the second half of the 2010 financial year, the USA introduced its revised Renewable Fuels Standard 2, which legislated, amongst other items, a significant mandate for the use of biodiesel in the USA. This in itself is especially promising for the biofuels industry. However the revised legislation also introduced a requirement for vegetable oil feedstock's, such as soy, rape seed, palm oil and Jatropa oil to meet certain environmental and green house gas requirements. At this point in time, the detailed analysis required to demonstrate that palm and jatropa will meet these requirements is in progress. In addition, a key subsidy, called the Biodiesel blending credit (being US\$1 per gallon), lapsed on 31 December 2009. The extension of this subsidy, although in principle supported by Congress, is being widely debated by the US government, and has at this date not been formally extended.

In addition, the European Union has introduced, with effect 1 July 2010, legislation that requires palm based biodiesel to be based on new sustainability criteria (named the Renewable Energy Directive). There are limited supplies of certified palm oil at this present stage. Numerous producers of palm oil are in the process of registering their production facilities to be in compliance with the European requirements.

Despite the significant efforts internationally to address these legal requirements, the Board is required, under the accounting standards, to assess the refining cash generating unit's ability to generate revenue based on existing conditions. The combination of these factors at this point in time forces the Board to provide for an impairment of the refining assets until the legislative hurdles are cleared. This accounting write-off is in no way an indication that the plant cannot produce biodiesel under the required specifications.

In addition to the impairment of refinery assets, an impairment review of the windmills was undertaken. In determining value in use, future cash flows are based on;

- Forecast future revenue levels which are based on forecast electricity generation and contracted rates per Kwh, and
- Forecast future maintenance expenses,

Value in use is calculated based on the present value of cash flow projections over the anticipated lives of the assets, with the assets having an anticipated life of 20 years, with a discount rate based on the Companies weighted average cost of capital, adapted for the regions in which the windmills operate.

Revenues generated from these assets were found to be less than expected, thus the carrying value of the windmill assets were written down to their value in use.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

	2010 \$000	2009 \$000	2008 \$000
Impairment of refineries	71,252	-	-
Impairment of windmills	1,837	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>73,089</b>	-	-

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments held by the parent entity, Mission NewEnergy Ltd, are reviewed for impairment if there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amount is assessed by reference to the higher of 'value in use' (being the net present value of expected future cash flows of the relevant cash generating unit) and 'fair value less costs to sell'.

At 30 June 2010, the investments in the refining subsidiaries have been impaired in the parent entity's financial statements (refer to note 33).

The significant assumptions applied in the value in use calculation for the feedstock subsidiary are;

- o a forecast of cash inflows from sale of jatropha curcas saplings,
- o a forecast of expenditure to meet operational requirements,
- o the forecast of seed and oil yields and, the resultant oil extracted meets expected outputs,
- o an estimate of commodity sales prices for Jatropha crude oil and Jatropha seedcake, and
- o that this will result in the utilisation of jatropha oil in the Groups biodiesel refineries or sold to other third party refineries.

There is a significant risk of the actual outcomes being different from those forecast due to changes in economic, market and agricultural conditions and/or assumptions regarding events, which may result in the carrying value of the feedstock subsidiary exceeding the recoverable amount.

No impairment has been made for the feedstock subsidiary at 30 June 2010.

#### **b. Going Concern**

The Group had a loss for the year ended 30 June 2010 of \$93.5 million after an impairment of \$73.1 million (2009 : \$23.6 million), a current assets less current liability surplus of \$20.7 million (2009 : \$16.8 million) and a net asset deficiency of \$25.4 million (2009 : \$51.0 million surplus) at balance date. The net asset deficiency is as a result of the impairment of refinery assets during the current financial year (refer to note 5a).

The Directors believe that the consolidated group has sufficient financial resources at 30 June 2010 to meet its committed financial liabilities.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which has been assessed based on detailed cash flow forecasts extending out twelve months from the date of this financial report. The cash flow forecasts from operations are based on the forecast cash flows required to sustain the business, cash on hand at 30 June 2010 and the ongoing receivables collection associated with historic sapling sales. At the date of this report, the Board is exploring an opportunity to defer the payment of capital commitments (refer to note 26) of around A\$6.4 million.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern in the ordinary course of business and to achieve the business growth strategies and objectives is dependent upon its ability to collect amounts owing under its receivables, defer the capital commitment relating to the second biodiesel plant, or raise further debt or equity to meet the capital commitments. The debt or equity funding referred to above has not been agreed to at the date of this report.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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Notwithstanding the matters mentioned above, the directors believe that the Company will be successful in the matters discussed above and accordingly have prepared the financial report on a going concern basis in the belief that the Company will realise its assets and settle its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business and for at least the amounts stated in the financial report. However, should the Company not be successful in the matters discussed above, there is significant uncertainty whether the Group would be able to continue as a going concern.

**c. Biological Asset**

The fair value of the *Jatropha Curcas* saplings is determined by reference to independent market prices. Subsequent movements in the fair value of the *Jatropha Curcas* saplings are determined through operational reviews of the market prices.

**6. Determination of fair value**

A number of the Groups accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods.

**Biological assets**

The fair value of biological assets is based on the market price of *Jatropha* sapling sales in India.

**Share based payment transactions**

The fair value of the employee share options is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the fair value of performance shares being based on the share price of Mission NewEnergy Ltd on the date of approval. Measurement inputs include the share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility, weighted average expected life of the instrument, expected dividends and the risk free interest rate. Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account in determining the fair value.

**7. Sales revenue**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Sales Revenue			
- Sales of goods	14,533	43,368	9,403
- Change in fair value of biological assets	1,656	9,441	18,208
Total revenue	<u>16,189</u>	<u>52,809</u>	<u>27,611</u>
Other Income			
Dividend received	-	6	126
Interest received	204	387	1,914
Sundry income	67	1,975	282
Other income	<u>271</u>	<u>2,368</u>	<u>2,322</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**8. Expenses**

Profit (loss) for the year includes the following specific expenses

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
8a) Cost of sales	13,561	44,104	8,222
Cost of growing the biological asset	1,460	1,605	2,742
Total	<u>15,021</u>	<u>45,709</u>	<u>10,964</u>
8b) Employee costs			
Wages and Salaries	3,860	4,692	2,566
Contributions to defined contribution plans	170	232	128
Equity settled share based payments expense	1,277	193	-
	<u>5,307</u>	<u>5,117</u>	<u>2,694</u>
8c) Other expenses:			
Audit fees	118	204	96
Advertising	31	31	-
Computer maintenance & consumables	46	33	35
Communication expenses	211	316	163
Donations, ceremonies & exhibitions	-	2	93
Insurance costs	121	261	128
Legal fees	123	51	136
Asset maintenance	320	312	45
Loss on disposal of asset	-	2	40
Other	1,121	2,517	306
Total	<u>2,091</u>	<u>3,729</u>	<u>1,042</u>
8d) Finance Costs			
External	426	964	670
Amortisation of liability portion of convertible notes	1,889	1,750	1,687
Amortisation of convertible note issue costs	404	404	404
Discounting of non-current receivables	-	2,850	674
Interest on convertible note	2,433	2,433	2,433
Total	<u>5,152</u>	<u>8,401</u>	<u>5,868</u>

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**9. Income tax**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
a. The components of tax expense comprise			
Current tax	29	64	243
Deferred tax	-	370	(156)
Over provision in respect of prior years	-	-	74
	<u>29</u>	<u>434</u>	<u>161</u>
b. The prima facie tax on the profit (loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:			
Accounting profit (loss) before tax	(93,450)	(23,321)	4,445
Prima facie tax (benefit)/expense on profit/ (loss) from ordinary activities before income tax at 30%	(28,035)	(6,996)	1,334
Adjusted for:			
Tax effect of:			
- overseas tax rate differential	7,218	379	511
- non-deductible entertainment	-	-	1
- other non-assessable items	20,846	6,681	(1,400)
- Deferred tax asset not recognised (tax losses)	-	370	(359)
	<u>29</u>	<u>434</u>	<u>87</u>
Add:			
Over provision for income tax in prior year	-	-	74
Income tax attributable to entity	<u>29</u>	<u>434</u>	<u>161</u>
The applicable weighted average effective current tax rates are as follows:	_ <sup>14</sup>	_ <sup>15</sup>	11.5%

<sup>14</sup> No effective tax rate calculated due to the loss position.

<sup>15</sup> No effective tax rate calculated due to the loss position.

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**10. Auditors' Remuneration**

	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity for:			
- auditing or reviewing the financial report	75	64	42
Remuneration of other auditors of subsidiaries for:			
- auditing or reviewing the financial report of subsidiaries	61	83	71

**11. Earnings per share**

a. Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss			
Profit/(Loss)	(93,479)	(23,755)	4,284
Profit/(Loss) attributable to minority equity interests	-	95	(90)
Earnings used in calculation of both ordinary and dilutive EPS	(93,479)	(23,660)	4,194
b. Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic EPS	235,562,471	98,986,256	92,642,651
Effect of:			
- Performance Shares and options	-	-	14,000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating dilutive EPS	235,562,471	98,986,256	92,656,651

Diluted earnings per share exclude convertible notes and options that had an exercise price above the average market price during the period they existed. Where a loss is made, all convertible notes and options are excluded as the impact of including them would be to reduce the loss per share. The table below reflects the entire number of equity instruments in issue at each period end which could potentially dilute basic earnings per share (i.e. numbers above are included in the table below):

	2010	2009	2008
Issued ordinary shares	275,007,568	194,235,155	94,221,155
Convertible notes	46,778,845	46,778,845	46,778,845
Employee and third party share options	3,865,746	2,481,492	2,250,000
Employee performance shares	7,786,667	2,700,000	-
Share issue options (warrants)	149,747,586	100,000,000	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>483,186,412</b>	<b>346,195,492</b>	<b>143,250,000</b>

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**12. Cash and cash equivalents**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Cash at bank and in hand	13,428	15,524	4,316
Short-term bank deposits	3,727	723	20,417
	<hr/> 17,155	<hr/> 16,247	<hr/> 24,733
Reconciliation of cash			
Cash and cash equivalents	17,155	16,247	24,733
	<hr/> 17,155	<hr/> 16,247	<hr/> 24,733

**13. Trade and Other Receivables**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>CURRENT</b>			
Trade receivables	3,897	1,533	16,435
Other receivables	571	1,266	836
Less: Impairment provision	(300)	(361)	(1,185)
Other related parties	-	-	26
<b>TOTAL</b>	<hr/> 4,168	<hr/> 2,438	<hr/> 16,112
<b>NON – CURRENT</b>			
Trade receivables	21,518	23,976	1,482
Less: Impairment provision (refer note 8d)	(14,065)	(9,183)	-
Less: Discount charge	(3,132)	(3,219)	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<hr/> 4,321	<hr/> 11,574	<hr/> 1,482
<b>Impairment provision</b>			
Opening Balance:	9,544	1,185	-
Charge for the year	4,839	8,334	1,185
Foreign currency translation difference	(18)	25	-
Closing Balance	<hr/> 14,365	<hr/> 9,544	<hr/> 1,185

At financial year end, the Board reassessed the likely timing of recoverability of receivables and reallocated a material portion to non-current, attracting a discounting charge. The value of current receivables has been based on historical success rates of recovering receivables. Please refer to note 5, significant assumptions and estimates, and note 32 for a detailed discussion around credit risk, provisioning and age analysis of trade and other receivables.

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**14. Biological Assets**

Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd grows *Jatropha Curcas* saplings from seeds. The *Jatropha Curcas* saplings meet the definition of a biological asset and are carried on statement of financial position at fair value, with fair value being determined with reference to the existing arms length sales transactions with a large number of geographically disbursed contract farmers, and other readily available market information on the fair value of these saplings. At 30 June 2010, Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd had an estimated 21.0 million (2009: 18.7 million) saplings on hand in its controlled nurseries. During the 2010 financial year, the company harvested and sold approximately 6.4 million (2009: 176.2 million saplings).

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Opening Balance	1,339	7,096	-
Add: Increase in fair value due to new plantations	1,656	9,441	19,351
Less: Sale of saplings transferred to trade receivables	(434)	(14,569)	(12,351)
Less: Impairment of biological asset	(740)	(1,475)	-
FX adjustments	(344)	846	96
Closing Balance	<u>1,477</u>	<u>1,339</u>	<u>7,096</u>

**Regulatory and environmental risks**

The Group is subject to laws and regulations in various countries in which it operates. The Group has established environmental policies and procedures aimed at compliance with local environmental and other laws. Management performs regular reviews to identify environmental risks and to ensure that the systems in place are adequate to manage those risks.

**Supply and demand risk**

The Group is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in the price and sales volume of *Jatropha Curcas* saplings. Where possible the Group manages this risk by aligning its harvest volume to market supply and demand. Management performs regular industry trend analysis to ensure that the Group's pricing structure is in line with the market and to ensure that projected harvest volumes are consistent with the expected demand.

**Climate and other risks**

The Group's *Jatropha Curcas* nurseries are exposed to the risk of damage from climatic changes, diseases, fires and other natural forces. The Group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular nursery health inspections and industry pest and disease surveys.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)****15. Inventories**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>CURRENT</b>			
Raw Material and stores	417	1,676	1,612
Finished goods	1,122	2,024	946
Work in progress	132	504	261
	<hr/> 1,671	<hr/> 4,204	<hr/> 2,819

The above is shown at cost.

**16. Other Financial Assets****Current**

Held to maturity financial assets	26	45	917
Performance bond	-	1,197	-
	<hr/> 26	<hr/> 1,242	<hr/> 917

**Non-Current**

Other financial assets	-	147	-
	<hr/> -	<hr/> 147	<hr/> -

Held to maturity investments (zero interest) relate to investments in Mutual Funds which mature within 12 months.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)****17. Investments in subsidiaries****a. Controlled Entities Consolidated**

	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned (%)*		
		2010	2009	2008
Parent Entity:				
Mission NewEnergy Limited	Australia			
Subsidiaries of Mission NewEnergy Limited:				
Mission Biotechnologies Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	100
Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	100
Mission Agro Energy Limited	Mauritius	100	100	100
Indas Green Acquisition Corporation	Cayman Islands	73.2	73.2	73.2
Subsidiaries of Mission Agro Energy Limited				
Mission Biofuels India Private Ltd	India	99.49	99.17	99.17

**b. Jointly controlled entities**

Subsidiaries of Mission Biofuels India Private Ltd				
Mission Agro Diesel (India) Private Limited	India	51	51	51

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**18. Property Plant and Equipment**

	Land and Building	Office Equipment	Computer equipment & Software	Motor Vehicle	Plant and Equipment	Asset under Construction	Biodiesel Plant	Total
Cost	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Cost at 1 July 2008</b>	800	203	535	149	5,575	22,417	28,553	58,232
Additions	815	82	259	64	1	17,547	1,154	19,922
Foreign currency translation	10	4	23	10	293	826	2,705	3,871
Disposal	-	(4)	(11)	-	-	-	-	(15)
<b>Cost at 30 June 2009</b>	1,625	285	806	223	5,869	40,790	32,412	82,010
Additions	12	85	86	23	-	2,175	75	2,456
Foreign currency translation	6	4	(45)	5	(108)	1,140	(2,928)	(1,926)
Impairment	-	-	-	-	(1,682)	(43,472)	(27,935)	(73,089)
Disposal	(3)	-	-	(34)	-	-	-	(37)
<b>Cost at 30 June 2010</b>	1,640	374	847	217	4,079	633	1,624	9,414

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>	<b>Land and Building \$'000</b>	<b>Office Equipment \$'000</b>	<b>Computer equipment &amp; Software \$'000</b>	<b>Motor Vehicle \$'000</b>	<b>Plant and Equipment \$'000</b>	<b>Asset under Construction \$'000</b>	<b>Biodiesel Plant \$'000</b>	<b>Total \$'000</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation at 1 July 2008</b>	8	37	93	35	99	-	496	768
Depreciation for the year	44	82	149	43	338	-	1,813	2,469
Foreign currency translation	(3)	(3)	(5)	-	(24)	-	(112)	(147)
Disposal	-	(1)	(3)	-	-	-	-	(4)
<b>Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2009</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,197</b>	<b>3,086</b>
Depreciation for the year	36	28	283	21	292	-	1,458	2,118
Foreign currency translation	10	-	15	3	4	-	284	316
Disposal/Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,653)	(3,653)
<b>Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2010</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>709</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>1,867</b>

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

	<b>Land and Building \$000</b>	<b>Office Equipment \$000</b>	<b>Computer equipment &amp; Software \$000</b>	<b>Motor Vehicle \$000</b>	<b>Plant and Equipment \$000</b>	<b>Asset under Construction \$000</b>	<b>Biodiesel Plant \$000</b>	<b>Total \$000</b>
<b>Impairment losses</b>								
Accumulated impairment at 1 July 2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated impairment at 1 July 2009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,682)	(43,472)	(27,935)	(73,089)
Accumulated impairment at 30 June 2010	-	-	-	-	(1,682)	(43,472)	(27,935)	(73,089)
<b>Net book value at 30 June 2008</b>	792	166	442	114	5,476	22,417	28,057	<b>57,464</b>
<b>Net book value at 30 June 2009</b>	1,576	170	572	145	5,456	40,790	30,215	<b>78,924</b>
<b>Net book value at 30 June 2010</b>	1,545	231	315	115	3,370	633	1,338	<b>7,547</b>

**Impairment loss**

Refer to note 5, Critical Accounting estimates for a detailed discussion on the impairment of assets.

**Assets under construction**

These related primarily to the second biodiesel plant under construction in Malaysia. The plant was commissioned in May 2010 and at 30 June 2010 was in the process of transferring the plant from its fixed price turnkey contractor. See note 26 on capital commitments relating to this plant.

**Security**

Mission raised term loan finance as bridging finance for the construction of the 250,000 tpa refinery in Malaysia. This loan was repaid in the fourth quarter of the financial year, and loan covenants in place over refining assets were being cancelled at 30 June 2010.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)****19. Intangible Assets**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>Goodwill</b>			
Carrying amount at beginning of year	1,013	1,013	667
Additions	-	-	352
FX Adjustments	-	-	(6)
Carrying amount at end of year	<u>1,013</u>	<u>1,013</u>	<u>1,013</u>

Refer to note 5a for a discussion on impairment testing of goodwill.

**20. Other Assets****CURRENT**

Prepayments	457	848	2,640
	<u>457</u>	<u>848</u>	<u>2,640</u>

**NON-CURRENT**

Security Deposits	182	-	11
	<u>182</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11</u>

**21. Trade and Other Payables****CURRENT**

Unsecured liabilities			
Trade payables	2,536	686	3,907
Interest Accrued	247	247	247
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	819	7,957	2,730
	<u>3,602</u>	<u>8,890</u>	<u>6,884</u>

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)****22. Financial Liabilities**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>CURRENT</b>			
Secured loans	624	599	3,400
	<hr/> 624	<hr/> 599	<hr/> 3,400
<b>NON-CURRENT</b>			
Secured loans	3,038	3,718	3,895
Convertible Notes (unsecured)			
- Nominal value (excluding equity portion)	54,823	54,823	54,823
- Converted to equity	(3,531)	(3,531)	(3,531)
- Amortisation of liability portion	5,467	3,577	1,829
- Costs of issues	(2,023)	(2,023)	(2,023)
- Amortisation of issue costs (cumulative)	1,254	849	444
	<hr/> 59,028	<hr/> 57,413	<hr/> 55,437

The secured loans above relate to financing of the windmills in india and an office in Malaysia. These assets are held as security against these loans.

46,778,845 convertible notes were issued on 25 May 2007 at \$1.30 per note

Principal terms of the Notes are as follows:

- Final maturity date: 18 May 2012
- Conversion price: A\$1.30
- Interest rate: 4.00% per annum
- Convertible into ordinary shares at the option of the Holder or the Company in the circumstances set out in the Terms and Conditions of the Notes
- on the basis of 1 share for 1 convertible note

**23. Tax**

## Liabilities

**CURRENT**

Current Tax liability / (asset)	(53)	(54)	95
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**NON-CURRENT**

Deferred tax liability comprises:

Unrealised FX gains	-	-	(158)
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Accruals	-	-	(2)
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Other	-	(28)	18
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<b>Total</b>	<hr/> -	<hr/> (28)	<hr/> (142)
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

Tax (Cont'd)

	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2008 \$'000
Assets			
Deferred tax assets comprise:			
Provisions	-	-	144
Transaction costs included in equity	-	-	372
Other	-	-	(223)
	-	-	293
Reconciliations			
i. Gross Movements			
The overall movement in the deferred tax account is as follows:			
Opening balance	(28)	151	(5)
(Charge)/credit to income statement	-	(370)	156
Foreign currency translation difference	28	191	-
Closing balance	-	(28)	151
ii. Deferred Tax Liability			
The movement in deferred tax liability for each temporary difference during the year is as follows:			
Tax allowances relating to unrealised FX gains:			
Opening balance	-	(158)	(158)
Charged to the income statement	-	158	-
Closing balance	-	-	(158)
Tax allowances relating to accruals:			
Opening balance	-	(2)	(94)
Charged to the income statement	-	2	92
Closing balance	-	-	(2)
Other			
Opening balance	(28)	18	(2)
Charge to the income statement	-	(237)	20
Foreign currency translation difference	28	191	-
Closing Balance	-	(28)	18

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**iii. Deferred tax assets**

The movement in deferred tax assets for each temporary difference during the year is as follows:

Provisions:

Opening balance	-	144	25
Charged to the income statement	-	(144)	119
Closing balance	-	-	144

Transactions costs on equity issue:

Opening balance	-	372	372
(Charged)/Credited directly to equity	-	(372)	-
Closing balance	-	-	372

Other

Opening balance	-	(223)	(148)
Charged/(Credited) to the income statement	-	223	(75)
Closing balance	-	-	(223)

Deferred tax assets on losses to a value of \$8.8 million to date are not brought to account.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**24. Issued Capital**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
275,007,568 (2009: 194,235,155 (2008: 94,221,155) fully paid ordinary shares	76,634	61,123	45,038
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Ordinary shares			
At the beginning of reporting period	194,235,155	94,221,155	91,000,000
Shares issued from conversion of convertible notes			
- 17 July 2007	-	-	144,231
- 8 August 2007	-	-	1,538,462
- 31 May 2008	-	-	1,538,462
Shares issued on performance share conversion (10 November 2008)	-	14,000	-
Ordinary shares issued			
- 30 April 2009	-	7,000,000	-
- 17 June 2009	-	93,000,000	-
- 17 November 2009	50,000,000	-	-
- 26 February 2010	30,000,000	-	-
Exercise of performance shares in February and March 2010	519,999	-	-
Conversion of warrants in January 2010	252,414	-	-
At reporting date	<u>275,007,568</u>	<u>194,235,155</u>	<u>94,221,155</u>

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held.

At the shareholders meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands

The ordinary shares issued in April, June and November 2009 include a warrant (option). Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one ordinary share of Mission NewEnergy at an exercise price of A\$0.30. The Warrants may not be exercised on a "cashless" or "net exercise" basis. In addition, a Warrant will not entitle the holder to participate in a new issue of ordinary shares or other securities of Mission NewEnergy unless the Warrant has been exercised. The expiration date for exercise of the Warrants will be 30 April 2014. However, if at any time on or after April 15, 2012 the immediately preceding 20-trading day volume weighted average price (as published by or derived from the Australian Securities Exchange) is at least A\$1.00, the Company may give written notice to each warrant holder that if such holder does not exercise its Warrants within 15 days from the date of such notice, then the Warrants would expire on that 15th day. The Warrants will not be listed on any stock exchange.

Shares issued on 26 February 2010 did not include a warrant.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**a. Options and Performance Shares**

For information relating to the Mission NewEnergy Limited option and performance share plans, including details of options and performance shares issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and the options outstanding at year-end, refer to Note 30 Share-based Payments

**b. Capital Management**

Management controls the capital of the group in order to maintain an appropriate debt to equity ratio, provide the shareholders with adequate returns and ensure that the group can fund its operations and continue as a going concern. Due to the development stage that the business is in, managements preferred approach is to fund the business with equity.

The group's debt and capital includes ordinary share capital, performance shares, convertible notes and financial liabilities, supported by financial assets.

There are no externally imposed capital requirements.

Management effectively manages the group's capital by assessing the group's financial risks and adjusting its capital structure in response to changes in risks and in the market. These responses include the management of debt levels, distributions to shareholders and share issues.

There have been no changes in the strategy adopted by management to control the capital of the group since the prior year.

**25. Reserves**

**1. Share based payments reserve**

The share based payments reserve arose on the cumulative issue of 3,500,000 options and 9,200,000 performance shares to various officers of the Company. Refer to note 30 for details of the share based payments.

Amounts are transferred out of the reserve and into issued capital when the options are exercised, or if lapsed, then transferred to retained earnings.

**2. Foreign currency translation reserve**

The foreign currency translation reserve records exchange differences arising on translation of a foreign controlled subsidiary

**3. Convertible Notes Reserve**

The Convertible Notes reserve is used to record the equity component, less the cost of issue, of the convertible notes.

**26. Capital and Leasing Commitments**

2010	2009	2008
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000

**a. Operating Lease Commitments**

Operating leases contracted for but not reflected in the financial statements

Payable – minimum lease payments

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

- not later than 12 months	186	340	486
- between 12 months and 5 years	927	856	1,090
- greater than 5 years	2,786	3,369	2,989
	<u>3,899</u>	<u>4,565</u>	<u>4,565</u>

***Kuantan Port Sub-Lease***

Mission Biotechnologies Sdn Bhd has entered into a lease of 2 lots totalling 24,000 sq metres of land at Kuantan Port, Malaysia. The term of the sub-lease is from 1<sup>st</sup> March 2006 to 30<sup>th</sup> December 2027. Every 3 years, commencing 1<sup>st</sup> January 2007, the annual rental will be increased by 10%.

Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd has entered into a lease of 2 lots totalling 24,000 sq metres of land at Kuantan Port, Malaysia for the 250,000 TPA plant. The term of the sub-lease is from 1<sup>st</sup> June 2007 to 31<sup>st</sup> December 2027. Every 3 years, commencing 1<sup>st</sup> January 2013, the annual rental will be increased by 10%.

***Office lease – Perth***

The office lease is for a term of 1 year from 3 March 2010.

***Lease Commitments– India***

Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd. has entered into cancellable lease agreements for the office premises, godown (warehouse), guest house, car and nurseries, renewable by mutual consent on mutually agreeable terms. The company has entered into a number of lease agreements throughout India. Lease terms range between 3 and 36 months.

**Capital Expenditure Commitments**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Capital expenditure commitments contracted for: -			
Acquisition and installation biodiesel plants <sup>16</sup>	6,349	13,425	7,993
Other	1,436	28	579
	<u>7,785</u>	<u>13,453</u>	<u>8,572</u>
Payable:			
- not later than 12 months	7,785	13,453	8,572
	<u>7,785</u>	<u>13,453</u>	<u>8,572</u>

**27. Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets**

The company has called upon a performance bond placed by the contractor who constructed the 100,000 tpa biodiesel plant, due to non-satisfactory performance. Both parties have agreed to the appointment of an arbitrator to resolve this matter.

The parent entity is not aware of any other contingent liabilities or contingent assets as at 30 June 2010.

<sup>16</sup> Note that this value takes into account an estimate of late delivery fees eligible due to the delay in commissioning of Missions second biodiesel refinery.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

28. Segment Reporting	Biodiesel Refining (Malaysia)		Jatropha (India)		Power generation (India)		Corporate		Consolidated (Continuing Operations)	
	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
<b>Primary Reporting — Business Segments</b>										
<b>Revenue</b>										
Revenue	13,867 <sup>17</sup>	42,894	1,794 <sup>18</sup>	9,418	527 <sup>19</sup>	497	-	-	16,188	52,809
Other revenue	153	2,151	75	177	-	-	44	40	272	2,368
<b>Total segment revenue</b>	14,020	45,045	1,869	9,595	527	497	44	40	16,460	55,177
Impairment	71,407	-	-	-	1,682	-	-	-	73,089	-
<b>Result</b>										
Segment result before tax	(76,126)	(7,482)	(8,482)	(9,469)	(1,910)	(395)	(6,932)	(5,975)	(93,450)	(23,321)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to minority equity interests									-	95
Profit/loss from ordinary activities before income tax									(93,450)	(23,226)
Income tax expense									(29)	(434)
<b>Net profit/(loss)</b>									(93,479)	(23,660)

<sup>17</sup> Sales from the refining business unit are primarily to one customer.

<sup>18</sup> Sales of biological assets are to a large number of individual contract farmers.

<sup>19</sup> Power generation revenue is from one customer.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

28. Segment Reporting	Biodiesel Refining (Malaysia)		Jatropha (India)		Power generation (India)		Corporate		Consolidated (Continuing Operations)	
	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Segment assets	10,020	80,007	9,875	17,606	3,370	5,424	14,751	14,939	38,016	117,976
Segment liabilities	2,743	7,019	950	2,689	3,280	3,812	56,410	55,280	63,383	68,800
Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment		19,423		321		-		178		19,922
Depreciation and amortisation	1,691	1,920	91	485	292	-	44	44	2,118	2,449

**Segment reporting accounting Policies**

The Managing Directors is the Chief operating decision maker. The reportable segments presented are in line with the segmental information reported during the financial year to the Managing Director.

Segment revenues and expenses are those directly attributable to the segments and include any joint revenue and expenses where a reasonable basis of allocation exists. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist principally of cash, receivables, inventories, intangibles and property, plant and equipment, net of allowances and accumulated depreciation and amortisation. While most such assets can be directly attributed to individual segments, the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two or more segments is allocated to the segments on a reasonable basis. Segment liabilities consist principally of payables, employee benefits, accrued expenses and borrowings. Segment assets and liabilities do not include deferred income taxes.

**Intersegment Transfers**

Segment revenues, expenses and results include transfers between segments. The prices charged on intersegment transactions are the same as those charged for similar goods to parties outside of the Consolidated Group at an arm's length. These transfers are eliminated on consolidation.

**Business and Geographical Segments**

The Consolidated Group has three key business segments. The Consolidated Group's business segments are located in Malaysia, India and Mauritius (the Mauritian entity acts as a holding company for Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd, and as such no operational activities occur in Mauritius) with the Consolidated Group's head office located in Australia. The Biodiesel Refinery segment is located in Malaysia, the Jatropha business segment which is located in India and the Power generation segment (India).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

29. Cash Flow Information

<b>Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Profit (loss) after Income Tax</b>	<b>2010 \$'000</b>	<b>2009 \$'000</b>	<b>2008 \$'000</b>
Profit / (Loss) after income tax	(93,479)	(23,755)	4,284
<b>Non cash flows in profit / (loss)</b>			
Depreciation of plant and equipment	2,118	2,469	782
Amortisation of Convertible Note Costs	404	404	404
Amortisation of Liability portion of Convertible Note	1,889	1,750	1,687
Provision for employee benefits	15	22	-
(Increase)/decrease in tax assets and liabilities	-	220	13
Impairment of Trade Receivables	4,839	8,333	1,185
Discounting of long term receivables	-	2,850	674
Impairment of assets	73,829	2,947	403
Share based payment expense	1,276	193	(125)
<b>Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities before change in assets and liabilities</b>	<b>(9,109)</b>	<b>(4,567)</b>	<b>9,307</b>
<b>Change in assets and liabilities</b>			
- (Increase) decrease in receivables	505	(7,610)	(17,745)
- (Increase) decrease in inventories	2,442	(2,351)	(2,744)
- (Increase) decrease in biological assets	(912)	4,906	(7,096)
- (Increase) decrease in other assets	355	2,749	(2,581)
- (Increase) decrease in deferred tax and current tax	(16)	-	-
- Increase (decrease) in creditors and accruals	(166)	(4,384)	4,177
Foreign Currency Adjustments	(1)	366	134
	2,207	(6,324)	(25,855)
<b>Cash (used in) operations</b>	<b>(6,902)</b>	<b>(10,891)</b>	<b>(16,548)</b>
<b>Credit Standby Facilities with Banks</b>			
	<b>2010 \$'000</b>	<b>2009 \$'000</b>	<b>2008 \$'000</b>
Loan facilities	3,663	25,448	8,235
Amount utilised	(3,663)	(4,317)	(7,295)
	-	21,131	940

Facilities at June 2010 relate term loans for the funding of various items of Property, Plant and Equipment. The loan terms are for a five year period with interest rates from 3.4% to 12.14%. These loans do not have an option to extend.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**30. Interests and Remuneration of Key Management Personnel**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
	<b>\$000</b>	<b>\$000</b>
Short term employee benefits	1,273	1,004
Post employment benefits	59	67
Share based payments	1,206	183
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,538</b>	<b>1,254</b>

**Options**

	<b>Balance 1/7/2008</b>	<b>Expired</b>	<b>New issue</b>	<b>Balance 30/6/2009</b>	<b>New issue</b>	<b>Lapsed</b>	<b>Balance 30/6/2010</b>	<b>Vested</b>
<b>Directors</b>								
Mr Dario Amara	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tan Sri Razak Ramli	750,000	(750,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Datuk Zain Yusuf	500,000	(500,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guy Burnett <sup>20</sup>	-	-	-	-	1,750,000	-	1,750,000	1,750,000
<b>Executive</b>								
James Garton <sup>21</sup>	-	-	1,750,000	1,750,000	-	-	1,750,000	1,750,000
<b>Third parties</b>								
For services rendered in 2009 equity raising	-	-	731,492 <sup>22</sup>	731,492	-	(365,746)	365,746	365,746
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,250,000</b>	<b>(2,250,000)</b>	<b>2,481,492</b>	<b>2,481,492</b>	<b>1,750,000</b>	<b>(365,746)</b>	<b>3,865,746</b>	<b>3,865,746</b>

<sup>20</sup> Grant date was 19 October 2009, share price on grant date was 28.5 cents, exercise price is 17 cents, fair value at grant date was 15.94 cents, volatility used was 125.35%, risk free rate used was 4.83%, the options expire on 30 June 2011.

<sup>21</sup> Grant date was 25 June 2009, share price on grant date was 18.5 cents, exercise price is 17 cents, fair value at grant date was 9.68 cents, volatility used was 138.77%, risk free rate used was 4.16%, the options expire on 30 June 2011.

<sup>22</sup> Share price on grant date was 16 cents, volatility and risk free rate used in valuation was 138.77% and 4.16% respectively, exercise price is \$1/\$1.2.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**Performance shares**

	<b>Balance 1/7/2008</b>	<b>New issue</b>	<b>Balance 30/6/2009</b>	<b>New issue</b>	<b>Exercised</b>	<b>Lapsed</b>	<b>Balance 30/6/2010</b>	<b>Vested and unexercised at 30/6/10</b>
<b>Director</b>								
Guy Burnett – tranche 1	-	-	-	1,500,000 <sup>23</sup>	(200,000)	(300,000)	1,000,000	200,000
<b>Executives</b>								
James Garton – tranche 1	-	1,500,000 <sup>24</sup>	1,500,000	-	(200,000)	(300,000)	1,000,000	200,000
James Garton – tranche 2	-	-	-	5,000,000 <sup>25</sup>	-	-	5,000,000	-
<b>Senior employees collectively – tranche 1</b>	-	1,200,000 <sup>26</sup>	1,200,000	-	(119,999)	(293,334)	786,667	199,999
<b>Total</b>	-	2,700,000	2,700,000	6,500,000	(519,999)	(893,334)	7,786,667	599,999

**Tranche 1 performance criteria**

40% of the performance shares vest in equal tranches at 31/12/2009, 30/06/2010 and 31/12/2010 for service, and 60% of the performance shares vest in equal tranches on;

- Positive Group cash generation from operations by 30 June 2010.
- EPS of A\$0.06 by 30 June 2011, and
- EPS of A\$0.15 by 30 June 2012.

**Tranche 2 performance criteria**

The performance shares vest in equal tranches at 1/7/2010, 31/12/2010 and 1/7/2011 for service

Refer to the Remuneration report for full details on key management personnel remuneration and benefits.

<sup>23</sup> Grant date was 19 October 2009, share price on grant date was 28.5 cents, fair value at grant date was 21.37 cents.

<sup>24</sup> Grant date was 25 June 2009, share price on grant date was 18.5 cents, fair value at grant date was 13.87 cents.

<sup>25</sup> Grant date was 30 March 2010, share price on grant date was 34.5 cents, fair value at grant date was 25.88 cents.

<sup>26</sup> Grant date was 25 June 2009, share price on grant date was 18.5 cents, fair value at grant date was 13.87 cents.

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)****31. Related Parties**

	2010	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Transactions between related parties are on a normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.			
Transactions with related parties:			
Other Related Parties			
Management fee charged to Mission Biotechnologies Sdn Bhd, a 100% owned subsidiary company	668	580	440
Management fee charged to Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd, A 100% owned subsidiary company	332	290	-
Sale of Jatropha crude oil between Missions controlled subsidiaries	121	-	-
A Bansal, an independent contract and Board member who resigned on 24 June 2009	-	163	130
Short term unsecured, non-interest bearing working capital loan taken from Nathan Mahalingam	-	125	-
Short term unsecured, non-interest bearing working capital loan repayment to Nathan Mahalingam	-	(125)	-

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**32. Financial Instruments**

Financial Risk Management

The group has a financial risk management policy in place and the financial risks are overseen by the Board. The group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, secured loans, convertible notes, other financial assets, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and loans to and from subsidiaries.

The principal risks the group is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

Fair value of financial instruments

	Carrying amount \$,000	Fair Value \$,000
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	17,155	17,155
Other Financial Assets	26	26
Receivables (Current)	4,168	4,168
Receivables (Non-current)	4,321	4,321
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	3,602	3,602
Current loans	624	624
Non-current loans	59,028	60,856

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets, receivables, trade and other payables and current loans are short term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value.

Non-current receivables are carried at a discounted value which reflects the fair value.

Non-current loans are carried at amortised costs, with the fair value being determined using a discounted cash flow model incorporating current commercial borrowing rates.

**Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is managed with a mixture of fixed and floating rate deposits, fixed rate convertible note debt and floating rate debt. For further details on interest rate risk refer to the table below under liquidity risk. The group main interest rate risk, being fair value interest rate risk, arises from the long term convertible note debt held by the parent.

*Group sensitivity*

At 30 June 2010, if interest rates had changed by +/- 25 basis points, with all other variables held constant, the following financial impacts would have been recorded by the group;

- Effect on post tax profit – A\$ Nil million lower/higher (2009: A\$ Nil million lower/higher)
- Equity would have been – A\$ Nil lower/higher (2009: A\$ Nil million lower/higher)
- The fair value of convertible notes – A\$ 0.28 million lower/higher (2009: A\$ 0.4 million lower/higher)

**Foreign currency risk**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

The group operates internationally through a number of subsidiaries and is thus exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies, arising from the foreign currencies held in its bank accounts, the sale of goods in currencies other than the group's measurement currency, and the translation of results from investments in foreign operations. The foreign exchange exposures are primarily to the Indian Rupee, Malaysian Ringgit and the US dollar.

Foreign exchange risks arising from the sale of products are not hedged.

Foreign currency risks arising from commitments in foreign currencies are managed by holding cash in that currency. Foreign currency translation risk is not hedged, with translation differences being reflected in the foreign currency translation reserve.

**Group sensitivity**

At 30 June 2010, if foreign currencies had changed by +/- 10%, with all other variables held constant, the following financial impacts would have been recorded by the group;

Effect on post tax profit – A\$ 1.0 million lower/ A\$1.0 higher (2009: A\$ 1.0 million lower/ A\$1.2 higher)

Equity would have been – A\$ 1.0 million lower/ A\$1.0 higher (2009: A\$ 1.0 million lower/ A\$1.2 higher)

**Credit risk**

Credit risk arises from the sale of biodiesel, Jatropha Curcas saplings and cash held at period end.

Cash is only held in accredited banks and credit risk arising from the sale of biodiesel is managed through the use of Letter of Credits.

Credit risk arising from sales of Jatropha Curcas saplings is managed through the following approach:

Sales of Jatropha Curcas saplings to contract farmers are concluded after a detailed review of the suitability of the contract farmer and the proposed land to be used for contract farming. The sale is concluded via a Demand Cum Delivery Note, which states that the balance owing is at call by Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd,

A portfolio approach, where a large number of relatively low value sales (around AU\$220 per contract farmer, depending on the contract farming acreage) are made to a geographically dispersed series of contract farmers, Contract farmers are required to incur considerable expense to prepare the land, prior to delivery of saplings by Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd, and thus have significant incentive to ensure the crop is viable.

Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd has entered into contract farming agreements with each farmer to purchase back the oil seeds produced by the Jatropha Curcas saplings sold to the farmers. The Jatropha Curcas saplings have an estimated production life in excess of 30 years. Receivables are secured against these future contracted purchases of Jatropha Curcas seeds.

Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd has in place memorandums of understanding with a number of leading financial institutions in India who have expressed a desire to loan monies directly to the contract farmers to fund their working capital requirements. Disbursement of these loans will assist the farmers in repaying monies owed to Mission Biofuels India Pvt Ltd.

These financial institutions have formulated specific schemes of financing for Jatropha farming,

In addition, the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) of India (apex body for agricultural financing) has in place a standardised scheme of financing to farmers of Jatropha Curcas,

Several financial institutions, who do not have memoranda of understanding with the Company, have also disbursed loans to the contract farmers of the Company based on the standardised scheme stipulated by NABARD,

Disbursement of these loans to the farmers will enable them to repay the amounts owed to the Company.

Second Biodiesel plant guarantee

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

The parent entity has provided a corporate guarantee to the contractor of the second Biodiesel plant in place of the standard letter of credit originally placed at construction commencement.

**Commodity Risk**

The group is exposed to market prices of input costs into the production of biodiesel. The key raw material currently being used to manufacture biodiesel is crude palm oil. This risk is managed by negotiating 'cost plus a margin' sales contracts which minimises the groups exposure to variations in this key input cost.

**Group sensitivity**

At 30 June 2010, if the price of crude palm oil had changed by +/- 10%, with all other variables held constant, the following financial impacts would have been recorded by the group;

Effect on post tax profit – A\$ Nil lower/higher

Equity would have been – A\$ Nil lower/higher

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

Financial Instruments (cont'd)

**Liquidity risk**

The group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate cash is maintained.

		Floating Interest Rate		Fixed Interest Rate				Non-Interest Bearing		Total		Weighted Average Interest Rate			
		Within 1 Year		Within 1 Year		1 to 5 years		Over 5 years							
Notes		2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	%	%
<b>Financial Assets:</b>															
Cash and cash equivalents	12	17,155	16,247	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,155	16,247	-	-
Held to Maturity investments	16	26	1,242	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	1,242	0.0	0.1
Loans and Receivables	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,489	14,012	8,489	14,012	-	-
		17,181	17,489	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,489	14,012	25,670	31,501		
<b>Financial Liabilities:</b>															
Trade and other payables	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,602	8,890	3,602	8,890	-	-
Current debt	22	624	599	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	624	599	11.75	11.75
Non-current debt	22	-	-	-	-	59,028	56,651	-	762	-	-	59,028	57,413	4.23	4.23
		624	599	-	-	59,028	56,651	-	762	3,602	8,890	63,254	66,902		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)

33. Parent entity information

	2010	2009	2008
Information relating to Mission NewEnergy Ltd Ltd:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets	13,445	13,398	4,068
Total assets	33,740	104,392	100,528
Current liabilities	422	1,519	684
Total liabilities	56,410	55,214	52,386
Net asset (deficit)/surplus	(22,670)	49,178	48,142
Issued capital	76,530	61,019	44,934
Retained loss	(109,888)	(21,268)	(7,219)
Share based payments reserve	1,542	281	1,281
Convertible notes reserve	9,146	9,146	9,146
Total shareholders' equity	(22,670)	49,178	48,142
(Loss)/profit of the parent entity	(88,636)	(25,043)	4,857
Total comprehensive income of the parent entity	(88,636)	(25,043)	4,857
Details of any guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries *	7,769	13,453	8,572
Details of any contingent liabilities of the parent entity *	-	-	-
Details of any contractual commitments by the parent entity for the acquisition of property, plant or equipment.	969 <sup>27</sup>	-	-

\* The parent entity has provided a corporate guarantee to the contractor of the second Biodiesel plant in place of the standard letter of credit originally placed at construction commencement.

34. Impairment of loans and investments – Parent entity

	2010	2009	2008
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Non-Current asset held for sale	161	161	161
Loans , receivables and advances to jointly controlled entity/subsidiary	242	242	242
Less: Cumulative Provision for impairment	(403)	(403)	(403)
Carrying value	-	-	-
Provision in the consolidated income statements	-	-	403

<sup>27</sup> Being a letter of credit provided by the parent entity for the purchase of equipment by a subsidiary.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)**

**35. Non-current assets held for sale**

On 2 May 2008 the Board resolved to sell Mission Agro Diesel (India) Pvt Ltd (MADIPL). Subsequently the Board has exercised an option to sell the groups shareholding in MADIPL to the remaining shareholders. However, as no firm outcome on the sale has been achieved, the Board considered it prudent for the group to fully provide for the carrying value of the investment.

**36. Subsequent events**

Other than the matters discussed above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Board, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

**37. Prior period error**

During the financial year ended 30 June 2010, a subsidiary in the Group uncovered an error in its assessment of deferred tax liabilities and assets and the recognition of a portion of the change in fair value of biological asset revenue recognised in 2008 that should have been recognised in 2007 .

Accordingly, the prior period's results have been restated to reflect the impact of these adjustments. This accounting adjustment has no impact on the cash flows of the group.

The net impact of the adjustment is as follows:

	30 June 2009 (as previously reported)	Adjustment	Revised 30 June 2009	30 June 2008 (as previously reported)	Adjustment	Revised 30 June 2008
<b>Income Statement</b>						
Sales Revenue	-	-	-	28,754	(1,143)	27,611
Tax	(1,817)	1,383	(434)	(641)	480	(161)
Net Profit attributable to members of the Parent entity	(25,043)	1,383	(23,660)	4,857	(663)	4,194
<b>Statement of financial position</b>						
Deferred tax liability	1,891	(1,863)	28	622	(480)	142
Retained earnings	(21,338)	1,863	(19,475)	2,424	480	2,904
				<b>1 July 2007 (as previously reported)</b>	<b>Adjustment</b>	<b>Revised 1 July 2008</b>
Opening retained earnings				(2,433)	1,143	(1,290)

**Mission New Energy Limited and Controlled Entities**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010 (Contd.)****38. COMPANY DETAILS**

The registered office of the company is  
Mission NewEnergy Limited  
Tempo Offices  
Unit B9, 431 Roberts Road  
Subiaco, WA 6008, Australia

**The principal places of business are:**

<b>Australia</b>	<b>Mission New Energy Limited</b> Head Office Unit 217, 396 Scarborough Beach Road Osborne Park, WA 6017, Australia	
<b>Malaysia</b>	<b>Mission Biofuels Sdn Bhd</b> C-26-05, Dataran 32 No. 2, Jalan 19/1 46300 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia	<b>Mission Biotechnologies Sdn Bhd</b> C-26-05, Dataran 32 No. 2, Jalan 19/1 46300 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia
<b>Mauritius</b>	<b>Mission Agro Energy Limited</b> 2nd Floor, Fairfax House 21, Mgr Gonin Street Port Louis Republic of Mauritius	
<b>India</b>	<b>Mission Biofuels (India) Pvt Ltd</b> Shops nos. 1,2,3 Sun heights, Ground floor Gandhingar bridge Adi shankaracharyya marg Powai, Mumbai Maharashtra India, 400 076	<b>Mission Agro Diesel (India) Pvt Ltd</b> 608 Powai Plaza, Hiranandani Business Park Powai, Mumbai - 400076, India

## Mission NewEnergy Limited and Controlled Entities

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

### DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

Mission NewEnergy Limited and Controlled Entities

(ABN 63 117 065 719)

In the opinion of the Directors of Mission NewEnergy Ltd (the company):

1. the financial statements and notes, set out on pages 24 to 82, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - a. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations); and
  - b. giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the group as at 30 June 2010 and of its performance, for the year ended on that date, and
  - c. the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2.
2. the Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Managing Director and Finance Director/Chief Finance Officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2010.
3. in the director's opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



Nathan Mahalingam  
Managing Director

Dated: 17 September 2010

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## **Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of Mission NewEnergy Limited**

### **Report on the financial report**

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Mission NewEnergy Limited (the 'Company'), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2010, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes to the financial report and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

### **Directors' responsibility for the financial report**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. The directors also state, in the notes to the financial report, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that compliance with the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards which require us to comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Electronic presentation of audited financial report**

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of Mission NewEnergy Limited and its controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2010 included on the Company's web site. The Company's directors are responsible for the integrity of its web site. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of the Company's web site. The auditor's report refers only to the statements named above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from these statements. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report presented on this web site.

#### **Independence**

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### **Auditor's opinion**

In our opinion:

- a the financial report of Mission NewEnergy Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - i giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2010 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - ii complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements

**Significant uncertainty regarding the carrying value of receivables in feedstock business**

Without qualification to our opinion above, we draw attention to Notes 5 and 32 to the financial report regarding the credit risks associated with the receivables aggregating \$6.4 million arising from the sale of saplings by a subsidiary company to the contracted farmers in India and the estimates and assumptions used to assess the recoverability of the receivables. The amounts due on the sale of saplings become a debt due at call under the terms of the Demand Cum Delivery Note, or can be recovered from amounts payable on the future purchase of jatropha seeds produced by the farmers under the Contract Farming Agreements.

The subsidiary company also has in place memorandums of understanding with a number of financial institutions to provide loans to farmers to settle the debts due on the sapling sales and/or to finance the farmers' ongoing agricultural activities. The financing arrangements have not progressed significantly due to various logistical issues and therefore, the extent to which the farmers will use/ will be able to use these financing facilities cannot be determined. The subsidiary company has classified debts due from farmers who have completed financing applications as current receivables and all others as non-current. Debts that are not recovered immediately through the bank financing arrangements are planned to be recovered through the offset against future purchase of adequate quantities of jatropha seeds from the farmers within the next five years.

The estimates and assumptions regarding the recoverability of receivables and the timing of settlement of the receivables have a significant risk of being different to actual outcomes, due to change in the economic, market and agricultural conditions and / or the events outlined above which may result in the carrying value of the receivables significantly exceeding their recoverable amounts.

**Significant uncertainty regarding the carrying value of the Parent Entity's investment and loan in feedstock subsidiary**

Without qualification to our opinion above, we draw attention to Note 5 to the financial report regarding the existence of uncertainties regarding the future profits and cash flows of the subsidiary casting significant doubt on the recoverability of the parent company's investment and loan advanced to the subsidiary which aggregate to \$20.9 million in value at 30 June 2010.

**Significant uncertainty regarding continuation as a going concern**

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the statement of comprehensive income in the financial report which indicates that the consolidated entity incurred a net loss of \$93.5 million during the year ended 30 June 2010 and, as of that date, the consolidated entity's total liabilities exceeded its total assets by \$25.4 million. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 5(b), indicate the existence of a significant uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

**Report on the remuneration report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 12 to 17 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2010. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

**Auditor's opinion on the remuneration report**

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Mission NewEnergy Limited for the year ended 30 June 2010, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.



GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD  
Chartered Accountants



M J Hillgrove  
Director – Audit & Assurance

Perth, 17 September 2010